

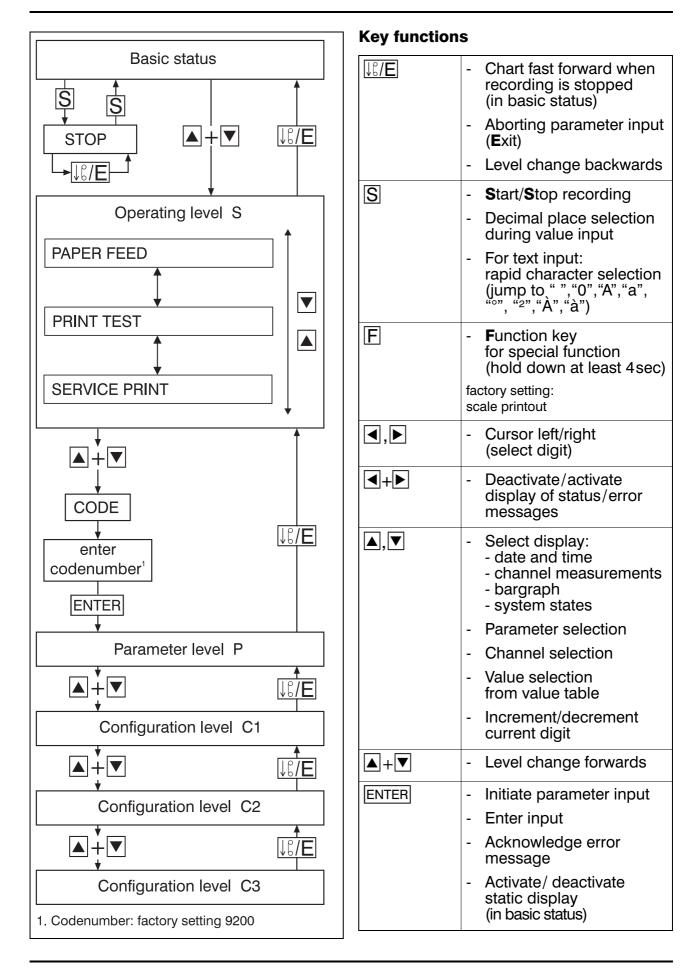
# **LOGOLINE 500d**

Pen recorder with text printing and LED dot matrix display

B 70.6021.0 Operating Manual

2011-01-19/00331468

# Levels and key functions



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#### 1.1 Introduction

Please read this Manual before starting up the instrument. Keep the Manual in a place which is at all times accessible to all users.

Please assist us to improve this Manual where necessary.

Your suggestions will be most welcome.

Phone in Germany (0661) 6003-727 from abroad (+49) 661 6003-0 Fax in Germany (0661) 6003-508 from abroad (+49) 661 6003-607



All necessary settings and, where appropriate, alterations inside the instrument are described in this Operating Manual. However, if any difficulties should arise during startup, please do not carry out any manipulations. You could endanger your rights under the instrument warranty!

Please contact the nearest subsidiary or the head office in such a case.



When returning modules, assemblies or components, the regulations of EN 61340-5-1 and 61340-5-

2 "Protection of electronic devices from electrostatic phenomena" must be observed. Use only the appropriate **ESD** packaging for transport.

Please note that we cannot accept any liability for damage caused by ESD.

ESD = electrostatic discharge

# 1.2 Arrangement of the documentation

The documentation for this instrument consists of the following parts:

# **Operating Manual B 70.6021.0**

This Operating Manual is always supplied with the instrument. It is addressed to the OEM (original equipment manufacturer) and to the user with appropriate technical know-how.

In addition to installation and electrical connection it contains all the information on instrument start-up, operation and parameter setting.

# Interface Description B 70.6001.2

This Operating Manual is supplied with the instrument, if one the interfaces (RS422 or RS485) has been ordered. It provides information on communication with higher-level (supervisory) systems.

# **Online help**

The online help is part of the setup program. It is a Windows<sup>1</sup> online help.



Section 10.4

<sup>1.</sup> Microsoft und Windows are registered trademarks of the Microsoft Corporation

## **1.3 Typographical conventions**

#### 1.3.1 Warnings

The signs for **Danger** and **Warning** are used in this Manual under the following conditions:

- **Danger** This symbol is used when there may be danger to personnel if the instruction is disregarded or not followed accurately.
- Warning This symbol is used when there may be damage to equipment or data if the instruction is disregarded or not followed accurately.
- Warning This symbol is used where precautions have to be observed during the handling of components which may be damaged by electrostatic discharges.

#### 1.3.2 Notes

	Note	This symbol is used if your <b>special atten-</b> tion is drawn to a remark.
⇒	Reference	This symbol refers to additional information in other handbooks or sections.
abc <sup>1</sup>	Footnote	Footnotes are notes which refer to certain points in the text. Footnotes consist of 2 parts:
		Markings in the text and the footnote text.
		The markings in the text are arranged as continuous raised numbers.

# **1 About this Manual**

\*

Action This symbol indicates that an action is being described.

The individual steps are indicated by this symbol, e.g.:

- \* press key
- \* enter with ENTER

#### 1.3.3 Presentation

	▲+ENTER Keys	Keys are shown as boxes. Both symbols and text are possible. Where a key has mul- tiple functions, the text shown is the one corresponding to the actual fuctions dis- cussed.
Program manager	Screen texts	Texts displayed in the setup program are identified by italics.
Edit → instrument data	Menu items	Menu items of the setup program which are referred to in this Manual are shown in italics. Menu name, menu item and submenu item are each separated by the symbol " $\rightarrow$ ".

# 2.1 Instrument description

The pen recorder provides 1, 2 or 3 channels for recording; the channels are isolated from each other by optocouplers. Channel 1 can be used to write text in addition to the signal trace. All three channels are zeroed using Hall sensors.

A 24-place 5x5 LED dot matrix display is available for signal indication and programming. Operation is by eight keys on the instrument front and via a setup program using a PC. The configuration data are stored permanently in EEPROM.

Input signals include resistance thermometers, resistance transmitters, thermocouples, standard current and voltage signals. The necessary linearisation is performed automatically. Eight logic inputs are available for operating functions. An external relay module ER8 for rail mounting supplements the pen recorder by eight switching outputs. A 2-wire transmitter can be operated from an isolated supply. The watchdog monitors the recorder operation and triggers a restart in case of a fault. On a power failure the real-time clock is supplied by a lithium battery or a storage capacitor.

A summary of all recorder parameters is given in the Appendix ( $\Rightarrow$  Section 12.6).

# 2.2 Type designation

The label is affixed to the housing. The instrument version can be identified from the type designation.

The extra Codes are listed in sequence and separated by a comma.

The voltage of the supply must agree with the voltage shown on the label.

	(1	) Basic version		
	706021	LOGOLINE 500d with 1 universal input and text output		
	706022	LOGOLINE 500d with 2 universal inputs and text output (via channel 1)		
	706023	LOGOLINE 500d with 3 universal inputs and text output (via channel 1)		
	(2	2) Inputs 1 — 3 (programmable)		
x x x	8	factory-set		
xxx	9	configuration to customer specification <sup>1</sup>		
		3) Interface		
x x x	00	not assigned		
x x x	52	RS422, Jbus, Modbus		
xxx	53	RS485, Jbus, Modbus		
		l) Supply		
x x x	22	20—53V AC/DC +0/-0% 48—63Hz		
xxx	23	110—240V AC +10/-15% 48—63Hz		
	(5	i) Extra codes		
x x x	020	lithium battery for RAM buffer (ex-factory)		
x x x	021	storage capacitor for RAM buffer (instead of extra code 020)		
xxx	259	8 logic inputs, interface for external relay module (ER8), voltage output 24V 50mA DC		
xxx	265	door with lock (IP54)		
XXX	266	IP65 seal, wide fixing brackets		
xxx	350	universal carrying case TG-35 <sup>2</sup>		
xxx	351	housing with carrying handle <sup>3</sup>		
·		(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)		
Order	code	/ /, <sup>4</sup>		
	example	706023 / 8 - 00 - 23 / 020		
Juer	evanihie			

(1) Basic version

- 1. Please specify probe types and measurement ranges in plain text.
- This extra code is available in combination with supply voltage 110-240V AC, not with low supply voltage. UL approval is not available. The protection type in the carrying case corresponds to IP20, outside IP20D.
- 3. UL approval is not available.
- 4. Extra codes are listed in sequence and separated by a comma.

### **Standard accessories**

- 1 Operating Manual B 70.6021.0
- 2 Mounting brackets
- 3 cable-tie with foot (can be released) for tension relief of the sensor leads connected
- 1 Fibre pen, disposable, for each channel
- 2 Chart rolls 16m long or
  1 Chart roll 32m long (with Code r32) or
  1 Fanfold chart pack 16m long (with Code fp)

# 2.3 Accessories

- PC interface with TTL/RS232 converter
- PC interface with USB/TTL converter
- Setup program



Section 10.4

External relay module ER8



Section 10.3

# 3.1 Location and climatic conditions

The instrument location should as far as possible be free from shock and vibration. Stray electromagnetic fields, e.g. from motors, transformers etc., should be avoided where possible.

The ambient temperature at the location may be between -10 and +50 °C at a relative humidity not exceeding 75%, without condensation.

Corrosive air or fumes may interfere with the function and life of the recorder.



Section 4.1



Section 12.1

# **3.2 Fitting in position**

#### Side view

(dimension 26 increased to 27 when using the IP65 seal)

mm

22.5

30

36

60

100

108

110

120

136

144

227

16 m

32 m

1.5 mm<sup>2</sup>

2.5 mm<sup>2</sup>

138<sup>+1</sup>

inch

0.89

1.2

1.42

2.4

3.94

4.25

4.33

4.72

5.35

5.67

8.94

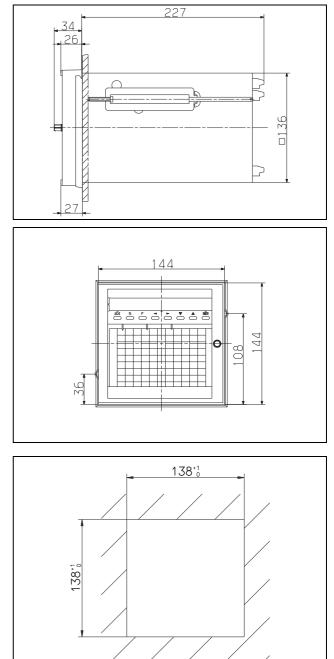
5.43<sup>+0.04</sup>

53 ft

107 ft

0.0025 in<sup>2</sup>

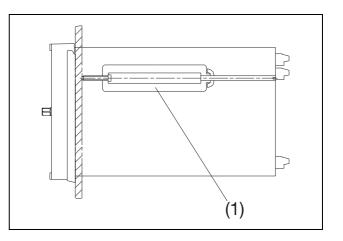
0.004 in<sup>2</sup>



Front view

Panel cut-out

- \* Insert the recorder from the front into the panel cut-out.
- \* From the back of the panel, hook the mounting brackets (1) into the cut-outs in the sides of the housing. The flat bracket faces must lie against the housing.
- \* Place the brackets against the rear of the panel and tighten them evenly.



# 4.1 Notes on installation

- □ The choice of cable, the installation and the electrical connection of the instrument must conform to the requirements of VDE 0100 "Regulations on the Installation of Power Circuits with nominal voltages below 1000V" or the appropriate local regulations.
- Work inside the instrument must only be carried out to the extent described and, like the electrical connection, only by properly qualified personnel.
- □ If contact with live parts is possible when □ working on the instrument, it has to be isolated on both poles from the supply.
- □ Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) □ conforms to the standards and regulations listed under Technical Data.

⇒ Section 12.1

□ Run input, output and supply lines sepa- □ rately, and not parallel to each other.

- □ Earth the instrument at terminal PE to the earth conductor. This line should have at least the same cross-section as the supply lines. Earth lines should be run in a star layout to a common earth point which is connected to the earth conductor of the supply. Do not loop the earth connections, i.e. do not run them from one instrument to another.
- Do not connect any additional loads to the supply terminals of the instrument.
- □ The instrument is not suitable for installation in hazardous areas.
- Inductive loads in the neighbourhood of the instrument, such as contactors or solenoid valves, should be fitted with RC modules for interference suppression.
- □ The instrument must be provided with external fusing and disconnection. Depending on the supply voltage, the following fuse values apply for the external fusing:

20 - 53V AC/DC, 48 - 63Hz fuse 5A slow

93 — 263 V AC, 48 — 63 Hz fuse 5A slow

All input and output lines that are not connected to the supply network must be laid out as shielded and twisted cables. The shielding must be grounded to the earth potential on the instrument side.

# **4 Electrical connection**

#### 4.2 Connection diagran 1. 00000 The electrical connection The electrical connection must only be carried out by properly qualified personnel. 2. 3. MUŀ 00 0 8. 9 8 0 ę ő å φ ő ç RS 422 1 2 3 0 0 0 RXD/TXD 00000 4 5 4 <del>5</del> 9. GND TXD 24V/45m/ RXD RS 485 4 GND 2 3 4 0 0 0 Ux>170mV 5 0 30 4 5 0 0 4 5 0 0 4 â 1 ć RXD/TXD \_\_\_\_\_ €\_\_\_↓I 2 4 5 0 4 5 9 0 4 5 ↓I 3 3 0 â φ φ 0 3. (L-) (L+) PF PE PE N L1 Ö 0000 5 $\overline{\mathcal{A}}$ ŧΙ

Rear view with screw-clamp connectors

Terminals				
Supply as on label	N neutral L1 line PE potential earth		N (L-) L1 (L+) PE	(L-) (L+) N L1 PE PE PE 1 2 3 4 5 6 0 0 0 0 0 0
Analogue inputs	Input 1	Input 2	Input 3	
	Field	Field	Field	1 2 3 4 5
Voltage input up to 170 mV				1 2 3 4 5 0 6 0 0 ⊥ ↓ux ≤170mV
Voltage input above 170 mV				1 2 3 4 5 0 0 0 0 1 Ux>170mV 1
Current input	1.	2.	3.	
Thermocouple				
Thermocouple with external Pt 100 cold junction				

# **4 Electrical connection**

Analogue inputs	Input 1	Input 2	Input 3		
Resistance thermometer/	Field	Field	Field	1 2 3 4 5	12345
potentiometer in 2-wire circuit					ġōŎ荷Ŏ IJţI <sub>RL</sub> IJĮ
				$R_{comp} = R_{line}$	
Resistance thermometer/ potentiometer in 3-wire circuit	1	0	3.		
Resistance thermometer/ potentiometer in 4-wire circuit	- 1.	2.	5.		
Resistance transmitter with 3-wire connection				A = start S = slider E = end	

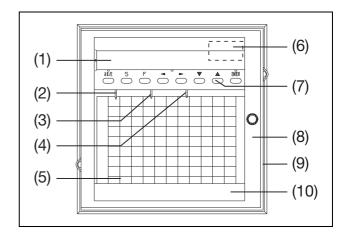
		Field	
External relay module ER8	Communication with ex- ternal relay module ER8		1 2 3 0 0 0 GND - + RXD/TXD
Supply for external 2-wire transmitter	24V ±5%, 45mA		4 5
Logic operating inputs	Contact operation LOW = $R_{OFF} \ge 100 k\Omega$ min. HIGH = $R_{ON} \le 50 \Omega$ max.	8.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Minimum pulse duration: HIGH 500 msec LOW 500 msec	Voltage operation LOW = 0 - 5 V DC (not activated) HIGH = 20 - 35 V DC (activated)		$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Serial interface RS422 or RS485	Communication with higher-level systems	9.	Terminal 14 = logic input 8           RS 422         RS 485           1         2         3         4         5           1         2         3         4         5           1         2         3         4         5           1         2         3         4         5           1         2         3         4         5           1         1         2         3         4         5           1         1         2         3         4         5           1         1         2         3         4         5           1         1         2         3         4         5           1         1         1         1         1         1           1         1         1         1         1         1         1           TXD         RXD         RXD/TXD         RXD/TXD         1         1         1

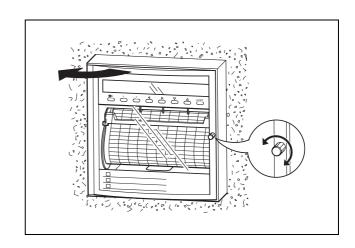
# 5.1 Display and controls

- (1) 24-position 5x5 dot matrix LED display
- (2) fibre pen, channel 3, green
- (3) fibre pen, channel 2, red
- (4) fibre pen, channel 1, blue
- (5) chart
- (6) setup interface(behind swing-up LED dot matrix display)
- (7) keys for operation and programming
- (8) door
- (9) housing to DIN 43700 for flush panel mounting, galvanised steel
- (10) channel marker label

# 5.2 Opening and closing the door

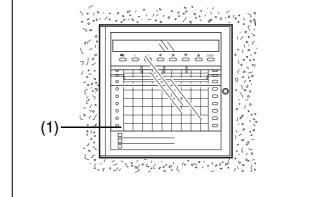
Turn the knob to open or close the door.





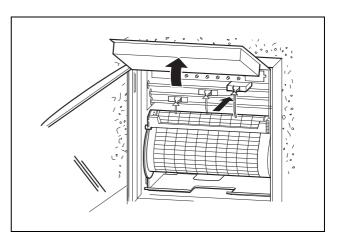
# 5.3 Marking the channel label

Please mark the channel label (1) with the measurement channel designation and the corresponding range (plot area and offset where appropriate).



# 5.4 Fitting the fibre pens

- \* Open the recorder door
- \* Stop recording (e.g. press key <u>S</u>)
- \* Swing display upwards
- \* Slide the fibre pen into the holder up to the stop
- \* Swing display down again until it clicks home.



# 6.1 Operating modes and status

Operating mode/status	Description
Basic status	Basic status of the recorder with signal acquisition and processing. The display shows, depending on setting:
	- instrument designation, date and time
	<ul> <li>one channel and its measurement as number or bargraph</li> </ul>
	- or status/error messages.
	The display can be altered during recording, using the keys $\blacktriangle$ and $\bigtriangledown$ .
	If there is a status/error message, it is shown flashing at regular intervals instead of the current display.
Stop	
Stop by key	Recording is stopped and continued using key $\underline{S}$ . In the stop status the display flashes STOP.
Stop via external stop	External stop can be operated through a signal at a logic input on the back of the recorder. In the external stop status the display flashes EXTERNAL STOP.
Chart speeds	
Normal chart speed	The chart is advanced at the speed programmed under chart speed. ⇔Section 8.2.1
Limit operation	<ul> <li>When input goes above/below the programmed limits, the recorder switches to the chart speed programmed under "limit feed".</li> <li>⇒ Section 8.4.5 Section 8.5.3 Section 10.4</li> </ul>
External speed	On a signal applied to a logic input at the back of the recorder, it switches to the chart speed programmed under "feed extern". ⇒ Section 8.6.7 Section 10.4

# 6 Preparation

Operating mode/status	Description         This chart speed applies within a programmable time period. Outside this period the chart is advanced at the speed programmed as normal speed.         ⇒ Section 8.5.4         Section 10.4		
Timed operation			
Recording			
Scaling	<ul> <li>The scale can be printed in two different modes:</li> <li>cyclic: for each channel at a configured spacing triggered: for all channels by pressing key (key F, hold down at least 4 sec) or by closing a logic input</li> <li>⇒ Section 7.4 Section 8.4.3</li> </ul>		
Plotarea	<ul> <li>During plotarea operation a portion of the total measuring range of a trace is recorded to a larger scale.</li> <li>⇒ Section 8.4.6 Section 10.4</li> </ul>		
Offset	Using the parameter "offset" it is possible to define the presentation range of a trace on the chart. ⇒ Section 8.4.7 Section 10.4		
Pen offset compensation	<ul> <li>There is an offset of several millimetres between the fibre pens of the individual channels.</li> <li>When pen offset compensation is switched on, this pen offset is compensated automatically.</li> <li>⇒ Section 8.5.7 Section 10.4</li> </ul>		

# 6.2 Operating principle

The individual parameters and functions are divided into three levels for clearer operation of the recorder:

# **Basic status**

Basic status of the recorder with signal acquisition, recording, indication and processing.

The display shows, depending on setting:

- instrument designation, date and time (the time can be switched off via the parameter parameter level → display time)
- one channel and its measurement as a number or bargraph
- or system error messages.

The display can be altered during recording using the keys  $\blacktriangle$  and  $\bigtriangledown$ .

If there is a system error message, it is shown flashing at regular intervals instead of the current display.

# **Operating level**

At this level, signal acquisition and processing remain activated.

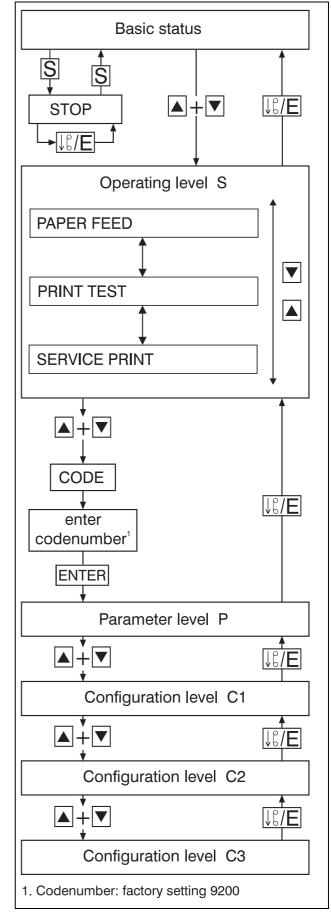
The following parameters can be altered at the operating level:

- chart speed
- print test
- service print.

A summary of all parameters of the recorder is given in the Appendix.



Section 12.6



# **Parameter level**

The parameter level is protected by a codenumber to prevent unauthorised access.



There are two different codenumbers:

- Codenumber for limited parameter set
- Codenumber for complete parameter set



Section 8.2.4 Section 12.6

If a wrong codenumber is input, the individual parameters can be viewed, but not programmed.

Following input of the correct codenumber, the recorder interrupts signal acquisition and recording at this level. Statistical reports are re-started on leaving the parameter level.



Section 7.9

The following parameters are altered at the parameter level:

- language
- date and time
- summer time
- display brightness
- relay limit
- display time

# **Configuration level 1**



If a correct codenumber has been input when calling up the parameter level, the recorder interrupts signal acquisition and recording at this level. The parameters can be viewed **and** altered.

Configuration level 1 includes the following channel-specific parameters:

- writing status
- signal input
- scaling
- channel designation
- limit operation
- plotarea (zoom)
- offset (presentation range)

# **Configuration level 2**



If a correct codenumber has been input when calling up the parameter level, the recorder interrupts signal acquisition and recording at this level. The parameters can be viewed **and** altered.

Configuration level 2 includes the following global parameters:

- instrument designation
- chart speed programming mode
- chart speed limit operation
- timed operation
- scale printing
- time printing
- pen offset compensation
- report
- start text
- end text
- pre-setting
- codenumber

# **Configuration level 3**



If a correct codenumber has been input when calling up the parameter level, the recorder interrupts signal acquisition and recording at this level. The parameters can be viewed **and** altered.

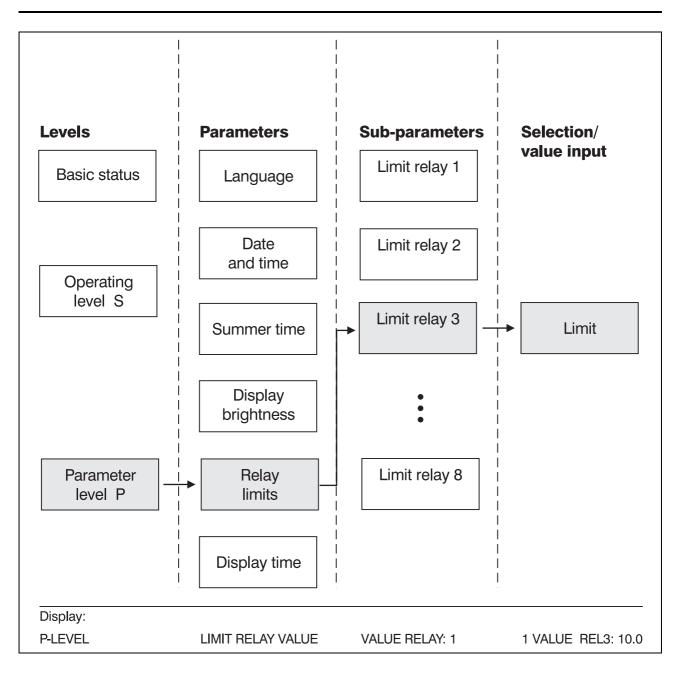
Configuration level 3 includes parameters which belong to Extra Codes and the maths module.

- relay output
- maths and logics module
- interface
- external text
- binary-linked external text
- external stop
- external speed
- event counter
- external scaling
- external report

For a summary of all the parameters of the recorder see the Appendix.



Section 12.6



The levels, parameters and subparameters are arranged in a tree structure. Starting from the basic status the program branches to the individual levels and from there into the corresponding parameters, and also into any sub-parameters.

To alter a certain parameter, run through the relevant levels up to this parameter.

The editing process is started with ENTER.

If a parameter has several sub-parameters, these are reached with ENTER.

#### **Entering parameters**

Where there are no further sub-parameters, <u>ENTER</u> transfers all the data of the parameter to the memory.

### Aborting programming

Programming can be aborted within a parameter by pressing the key  $\frac{100}{E}$ .

If the last sub-parameter has not yet been entered, the parameter data which have already been edited are discarded. The old sub-parameters are retained.

#### Error messages during programming

If there are error messages during programming due to incorrect inputs, these have to be acknowledged with ENTER before programming can be repeated.

#### Key functions

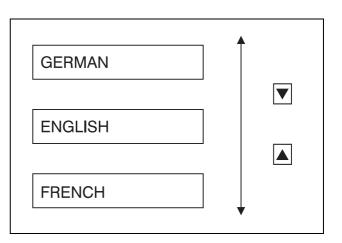
	-
J\$ <b>/E</b>	<ul> <li>Chart fast forward when recording is stopped (in basic status)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Aborting parameter input (<b>E</b>xit)</li> </ul>
	- Level change backwards
S	- Start/Stop recording
	<ul> <li>Decimal place selection during value input</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>For text input: rapid character selection (jump to, ", "0", "A", "a", "°", "2", "À", "à")</li> </ul>
F	<ul> <li>Function key for special function (hold down at least 4 sec)</li> <li>factory setting: scale printout</li> </ul>
◀,▶	<ul> <li>Cursor left/right (select digit)</li> </ul>
◀+▶	<ul> <li>Deactivate/activate display of status/error messages</li> </ul>
▲,▼	<ul> <li>Select display:</li> <li>date and time</li> <li>channel measurements</li> <li>bargraph</li> <li>system states</li> </ul>
	- Parameter selection
	- Channel selection
	<ul> <li>Value selection from value table</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Increment/ decrement/ current digit</li> </ul>
▲+▼	- Level change forwards
ENTER	- Initiate parameter input
	- Enter input
	<ul> <li>Acknowledge error message</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Activate/ deactivate static display (in basic status)</li> </ul>

## Selection

Selection consists of a list of several options.

Three keys are used to select an option:

- \* select option with the  $\blacktriangle$  and  $\bigtriangledown$  key
- \* enter selection with ENTER



# Value/text input

Five keys are used to input values:

- \* select the digit to be altered with the ◀ and ▶ keys
- increment and decrement the selected diget with the ▲ and ▼ keys
- \* shift the decimal point with the  $\underline{S}$  key
- \* enter value input with ENTER

An incorrect input produces an error message on the display.

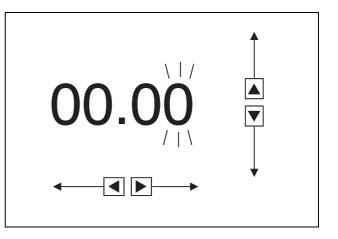
⇒ Section 12.2

The error message must be acknowledged with ENTER.

A new value can then be entered.

Five keys are used to input text:

- \* select the character to be altered with the ◀ and ▶ keys
- \* select the new character with the
   ▲ and ▼ keys
   (rapid character selection with the S key)
- \* acknowledge text input with ENTER



The pen recorder can print text in addition to the trace using the fibre pen of channel 1. Text printing is used for comments on the trace and for event recording. The characters are written in dots on a  $9 \times 7$  matrix.

# 7.1 Printing priorities

There are various types of text which are assigned priorities in the setup program. These priorities determine abort criteria where printing of several texts is required simultaneously.

The following applies in the explanation below:

- text 1 = text with high priority
- text 2 = text with low priority

If text 2 is being printed while there is a request for text 1, the printing of text 2 is interrupted and text 1 is printed.

If there is a request for text 2 while text 1 is being printed, text 2 is output after text 1 has been printed.

Setup Program LL-500 - [JUMO.078]     ✓      File Edit Transfer Setup Data Window Help     ✓		
Print Texts		
File Info       Pint mode       Pinting priorities         Instrument Name VDN:       Pint mode       Pinting priorities         Short Info:       Report       9         Responsible:       9       9         Type Itey:       Binary linked external text.       4         Add:       Print out event gounter.       4         Language:       External Customer specific texts.       4         Language:       External Customer specific texts.       4         Sammer Tim       Text on Change of Chart Speed.       6         Bender:       Bein Text.       12         Measure       UK       Cancel       Help         Press FI for Help.       NUM       *		

Only the latest request is stored for each text.

Example: A report with high priority is being printed from 12:00 to 12:05 hrs. While it is being printed a relay goes overlimit twice. Under normal conditions three texts would be printed for this overlimit (low priority), as follows:

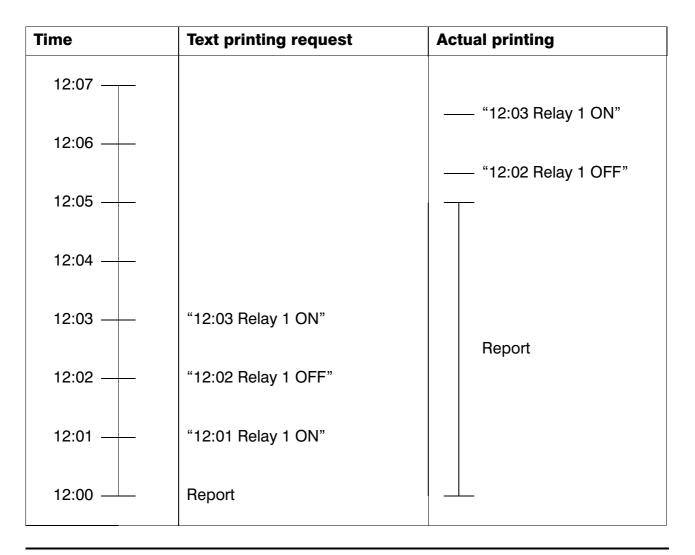
- "12:01 relay 1 ON",
- "12:02 relay 1 OFF" and

"12:03 relay 1 ON".

In this example the printing of the report would first be completed. This is followed by the delayed output of

"12:02 relay 1 OFF" and

"12:03 relay 1 ON".



In the following cases all existing text printing requests are cancelled and new ones received are ignored:

- recorder goes to stop status
- print test is started
- service print is started
- recorder is switched off

An exception is the statistical report:



Section 7.9

The following fixed priorities are allocated to stop, service print and print test:

Priority	Text
higher	- Stop by key S, external stop, no chart, configuration by keys or setup
	- Service print
	- Print test
lower	<ul> <li>Text printing as configured in priority list</li> </ul>

# 7.2 Printing modes

There are two modes for printing text:

- trace is interrupted
- trace is overwritten

### Interrupting the trace

The text is printed as quickly as possible. During text printing there is no recording of the trace on channel 1. The chart speed is optimised for text printing; it does not agree with the programmed chart speed.

The time for printing a text is typically 10-40 sec.

Advantages:

- quick text printing
- minimum blockage of other messages
- text printing also at chart speeds above 360 mm/h
- text printing also when zero chart speed has been programmed

Disadvantages:

- channel 1 is not recording during text printing
- the chart speed is altered during text printing (time reference of channel 2 and channel 3 traces is no longer correct)
- if pen offset compensation has been switched on it is switched off during text printing. After text printing has been completed, the pen offset compensiton is switched on again and re-initialised.

#### Overwriting the trace

The text is printed at the normal chart speed. There is only a brief interruption of the channel 1 trace. No text printing at zero chart speed and at a chart speed above 360 mm/h.

Printing a text line requires different times, depending on the programmed chart speed.

Chart speed	Printing time for one text line
5mm/h	43min approx.
20mm/h	11 min approx.
120mm /h	2 min approx.

Advantages:

- the time reference is retained during text printing
- recording of signals on channel 1 is only interrupted for a very brief time
- if pen offset compensation has been switched on it need not be switched off during text printing

### Disadvantages:

- text printing may take a very long time
- there is no text printing at zero chart speed and at chart speeds above 360mm/h

# 7.3 Clock time

This is printed cyclically at a configurable spacing.

The following spacings can be set:

- 4 cm approx.
- 6 cm approx.
- 12 cm approx.
- no time printing

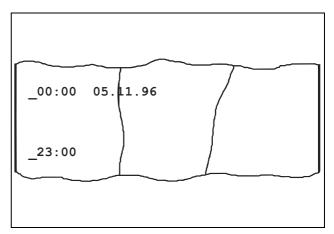
The spacings are independent of the selected chart speed. Clock speed is only printed at even times and the spacings given above are only approximate.

Every fourth clock time print is followed alternately by the current chart speed, the programmed recorder designation, and the date.

The date is always printed on the date change at 00:00 hrs.

For an accurate time reference on the chart the clock time is preceded by a time reference mark ("\_").

General Symbol "?" is printed after the clock time, the time has to be checked and re-programmed if necessary (⇔ Section 8.3.2).



# 7.4 Scaling

The scaling can be printed in two ways:

- cyclic: for each channel at a configured spacing
- triggered: for all channels on pressing the (F key (hold down for at least 4 sec) or by closing one of the logic inputs.

# **Cyclic scaling print-out**

Spacing which can be selected:

- 30 cm approx.
- 60 cm approx.
- 90 cm approx.
- off

The lowest line shows the channel number, the corresponding pen colour, the programmed channel designation and the unit of the measured value.

If the range 0—100mm has not been altered by offset, the next line shows the scale values for 0%, 50% und 100%. If the range has been restricted, this line contains marks for the start and the end of the range. The corresponding numbers are printed in the next line.

The limit marks for the current channel are printed in the top line.

#### Example:

- a) upper chart
  - channel 1
  - range: 0—100 mm
  - relay limits at 200 and 500  $^\circ\text{C}$
- b) lower chart
  - channel 2
  - restricted range: 50 100 mm
  - relay limit at 300V

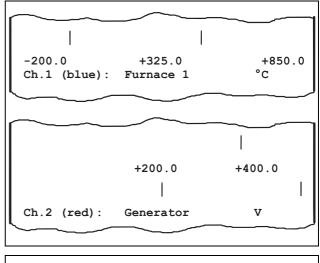
## Triggered scaling print-out

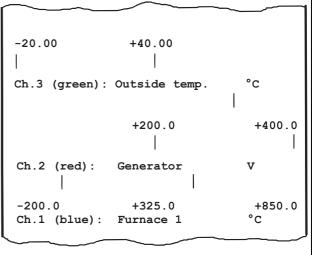
To start the triggered scaling print-out the key  $\boxed{F}$  must be held down for at least 4 sec.

Alternatively, the triggered scaling print-out can be started using a logic input.

The print-out covers the scaling of all channels whose writing status is switched on.

Print-out follows the same arrangement as described under "cyclic scaling print-out".



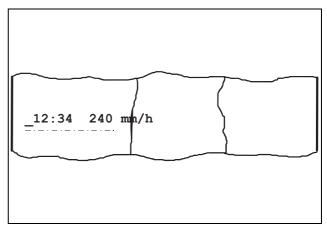


## 7.5 Changing the chart speed

Every change in chart speed is reported by printing a line with the current time and the new chart speed.

The type of line indicates the type of chart speed with which recording takes place after the change.

	normal operation
	limit operation
- ·	external speed
	timed operation



The indivual events have different priority:

Event	Priority
	higher
limit operation	
external speed	
timed operation	
normal operation	▼
	lower

The current chart speed depends on the event with the highest priority.



Setting the printing priority for *Text on Change of Chart Speed* (⇒ Section 7.1) affects not only the printing of the chart speed change marking but also the change itself.

There is no chart speed change as long as a text with a higher priority is being printed. Text printing in the trace overwriting mode (⇔ Section 7.2) may take a very long time.

> In order that the chart speed change is not delayed, the priority of texts printed in this mode should be lower than the priority of the chart speed change.

The line to mark the type of speed change is printed even when the corresponding text can not be printed.

This is the case when the setup program has been configured under *Edit:*  $\Rightarrow$  *Print out texts* in *Print mode "Process value overwrite"* for *Text on Change of Chart Speed* and when a chart speed of zero or greater than 360mm/h is set.

Text printing in the trace interrupting mode (⇒ Kapitel 7.2) is relatively quick.

> In order to prevent the printing of texts in this mode being aborted through a chart speed change, the priority of these texts should be higher than the priority of the chart speed change.

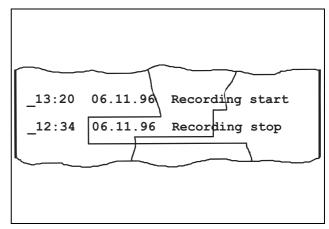
### 7.6 Recording start and end

Recording start and end are reported by a start and end text which can be programmed.

Text printing for start and end can be switched on and off separately.



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- The end text is being printed in the stop status in which no other text can be printed; there is therefore no priority and no trace interrupting/ overwriting for the end text.
- The start text should always have the highest priority to ensure printing at the start of the recording.
- Printing the end text is omitted when the chart sensor recognises "end of chart".
- Printing the end text is aborted by pressing the  $\frac{||E|/E|}{||E|/E|}$  key.

# 7.7 External text, binary-linked text, relay texts



Extra Code 259 required.

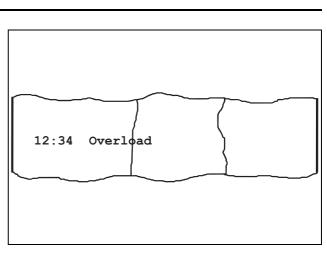
#### **External text**

Eight logic inputs are available for external texts.

Closing a logic input causes the corresponding text to be printed. Opening the logic input has no effect.



Section 8.6.4



#### **Binary-linked external text**

It is possible to interpret the signals at the first 4 logic inputs as a binary number and to assign a text to each binary number. In this way it is possible to print up to 16 texts.

Following each change of status of these logic inputs, the text corresponding to the binary number is printed.

Text printing can be switched off separately for each of the 16 texts.

#### Example:

If the state of the logic inputs is the binary number 1001, then text 9 is printed.

If the first logic input on the right is opened, the state of the logic inputs is the binary number 1000. Text 8 is being printed.



Section 8.6.5

Binary number	Decimal number/text
0000	0
0001	1
0010	2
0011	3
0100	4
0101	5
0110	6
0111	7
1000	8
1001	9
1010	10
1011	11
1100	12
1101	13
1110	14
1111       logic inpu	15 It <b>1</b>
 logic input 4	

#### **Relay texts**

Relay texts are printed when a relay switches.

The request for printing a relay text is ignored if the text consists only of blank characters. There is also no printing of the corresponding time.



Section 8.6.1

**Generally** for external, binary-linked and relay texts:

In addition to the programmed text, the time is printed at which the text printing has been requested.



The time reference mark "\_" (⇔ Section 7.3) is not being printed since printing may be delayed.

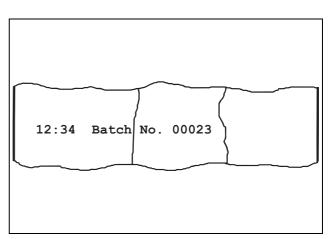
# 7.8 Incrementing the event counter

Any logic input is assigned to the event counter. Each closing of the corresponding logic input increments the event counter. It can be preset using the setup program.

Each incrementing is reported by printing the clock time and the programmed text, followed by the current counter reading.



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The time reference mark "\_"  $(\Rightarrow$  Section 7.3) is not being printed since printing may be delayed.



If the counter reading exceeds 9999, the number can no longer be shown. The counter reading is printed as "\*\*\*\*\*".

## 7.9 Statistical report

This report is printed at the end of the statistical period.



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The texts "to", "MIN", "MAX", "AVER." and "DIM" are printed in the configured language. Only channels which are actually present and whose writing status is activated are included in the report.

If overrange or underrange has occured during the statistical period, the minimum, maximum and average values are replaced by "-----".

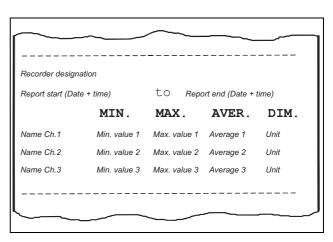
#### **External report**

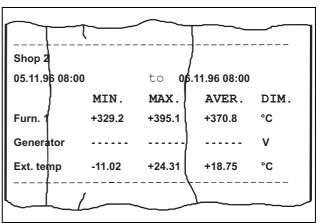
The external report is compiled as soon as the corresponding (programmed) logic input is closed.

The report is printed as soon as the logic input is opened again.

Generally for the statistical report:

- If the recorder is switched off at the end of the statistical period, the report is cancelled. The same applies if the recorder is reconfigured from the keys or if the setup connector is plugged in.
- If printing of the statistical report is interrupted by stop, re-configuration, setup, or a print test or service print, printing the statistical report is not continued when recording is re-started.
- If the pen recorder is on stop when printing the statistical report should start, the report is printed after the stop is cancelled. The statistic of a new report runs from the selected starting time for this new report, even if the printing of the old report should be delayed.





### 7.10 Print test

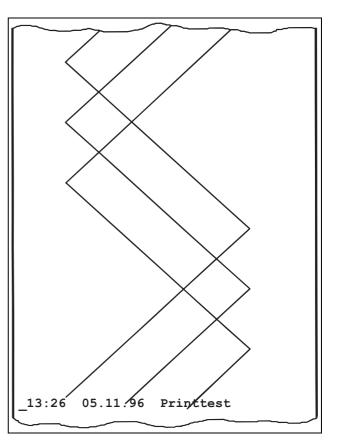
The print test can only be initiated on the recorder using the keys. It is used to check the function of writing system and fibre pens.



Started text printing is aborted and **not** continued after the print test.

All text printing requests arriving during the print test are rejected.

The only exception is the statistical report.



Section 8.2.2

### 7.11 Service print

The service print can only be initiated on the recorder using the keys.

It prints the software version, the number of supply interruptions and the total operating time of the recorder in hours.



Started text printing is aborted and **not** continued after the service print.

[	
SERVICE PRINT	/
software version :	078.02.01.2
no. of power downs:	00012
operation time [h]:	01234
event counter 1:	+54321
event counter 2:	-12345

All text printing requests arriving during the service print are rejected.

The only exception is the statistical report.

If the maths and logics module is activated, an "M" is printed after the software version

Section 8.2.3

### 8.1 Basic status

The recorder is in the basic status after the supply has been applied and it has been initialised. The measurement signals are acquired, processed and recorded.

In the basic status the following are indicated, depending on the setting:

- the instrument designation, date and time (the time can be switched off via the parameter parameter level → display time)
- the measurements of all active channels
- one channel, its measurement, designation and unit
- one channel and its measurement as a bargraph
- or status/error messages

Display can be cyclic or static:

#### cyclic display

After approx. 3 sec the pen recorder switches automatically to the subsequent display.

#### static display

In the basic status the static display is activated and deactivated with ENTER.

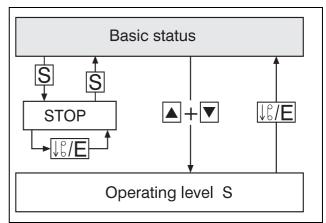
When it is activated, the current display is maintained and updated at regular intervals.

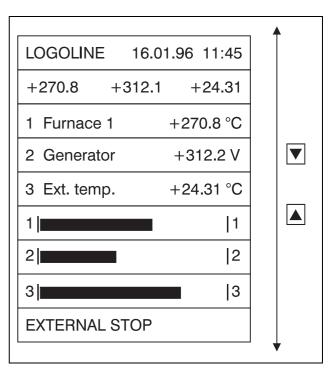
The indication can be altered during recording with the  $\blacktriangle$  and  $\overline{\checkmark}$  keys.

Status and error messages are always shown in plain language, flashing regularly, instead of the current display.

The display of status and error messages can be stopped and re-activated by pressing  $\blacksquare + \blacktriangleright$ .

Using the S key, the recording is stopped and re-started. In the stop status the LED matrix display flashes "STOP".





Pressing the  $\boxed{16/E}$  key in the stop status activates the chart fast forward.

Pressing the  $\boxed{F}$  key (hold down at least 4 sec) starts the scaling print-out.

Pressing the  $\blacktriangle$ + $\bigtriangledown$  keys simultaneously changes to the operating level.

### 8.2 **Operating level**

The operating level is used to perform simple operating actions.

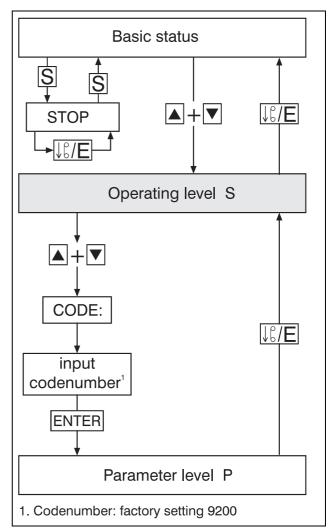
It is reached from the basic status by pressing the  $\blacktriangle$ + $\checkmark$  keys simultaneously, from the parameter level by pressing the  $\frac{1}{10}$ /E key.

The operating level includes the following parameters:

- chart speed
- print test
- service print

While the operating level is activated, signal acquisition, processing and recording as well as limit monitoring are continuing.

A summary of all parameters of the recorder is given in the Appendix. ( $\Rightarrow$  Section 12.6).



Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
S-LEVEL				ENTER	forwards
					<b>V</b> backwards

#### 8.2.1 Chart speed

The standard chart speed for signal tracing is set here.

The chart speed is selected in steps from a table of standard chart speeds, or can be programmed continuously to any value between 0 and 7200 mm/h.

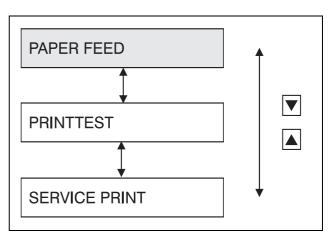
Standard chart speeds are:

0, 5, 10, 20, 60, 120, 240, 300, 360, 600, 720, 1800, 3600 und 7200 mm/h.

The programming mode is factoryset to standard chart speeds.

> In the setup program the programming mode can be changed to continuous under Edit  $\rightarrow$  Chart Speed....

For alteration on the instrument  $\Rightarrow$  Section 8.5.2





Please note Section 7.2

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
FEED PAPER	ENTER ⇒ with step speed programming:	FEED PAPER: 0240 mm/h Select chart speed: 0, 5, 10, 20, 60, 120, 240, 300, 360, 600, 720, 1800, 3600, 7200 mm/h	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	<ul> <li>▲ forwards</li> <li>▼ backwards</li> </ul>
	⇒ with continuous speed programming:	0000 set required chart speed value range: 0 — 7200 mm/h	▲, ▼ ◀, ►	ENTER test: speed value	<ul><li>▲ forwards</li><li>▼ backwards</li></ul>

#### 8.2.2 Print test

Print test is used to check the function of writing system and fibre pens.

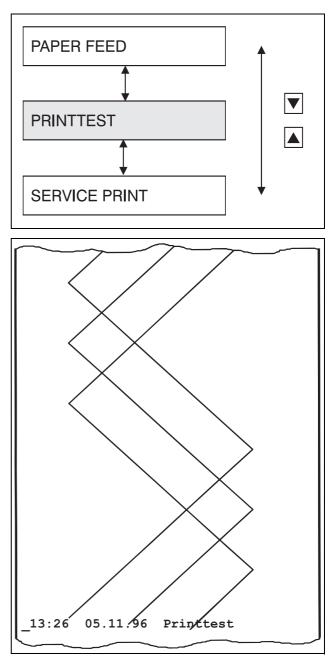
Print test can only be initiated on the recorder using the keys.

PRINTTEST = ON continues until it is terminated by PRINTTEST = OFF.

Started text printing is aborted and is not continued after the print test.

All text printing requests arriving during the print test are ignored and rejected.

The only exception is the statistical report.



Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
PRINTTEST	ENTER	PRINTTEST: OFF, ON Select status of print test	<b>(</b> , <b>)</b>	ENTER	<ul><li>▲ forwards</li><li>▼ backwards</li></ul>

#### 8.2.3 Service print

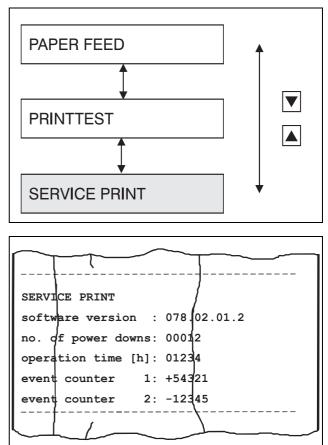
The service print prints the software version, the number of supply interruptions and the total operating hours of the recorder.

It can only be initiated on the recorder using the keys.

- Started text printing is aborted and is not continued after the service print.
- All text printing requests arriving during the service print are ignored and rejected.

The only exception is the statistical report.

If the maths and logics module is activated, an "M" is printed after the software version.



Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
SERVICE PRINT	ENTER	SERVICE PRINT: NO, YES	<b>(</b> , <b>)</b>	ENTER	<ul><li>▲ forwards</li><li>▼ backwards</li></ul>

#### 8.2.4 Level inhibit and code request

The parameter level is protected by a 4-digit codenumber.

Two codenumbers are available:

- codenumber for a limited set of parameters (factory-set to 9200)
- codenumber for a full set of parameters (factory-set to 9210)

Which parameters belong to the limited set of parameters is defined in the set-up program under *Edit*  $\rightarrow$  *Instrument operation*.

Parameters which are not required for the applications or which are only programmed once can be marked there accordingly. After the new set-up has been transferred to the pen recorder, they are not indicated any more on the instrument, .

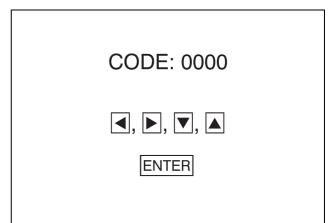
If one of the two codenumbers is entered, the following are interrupted:

- signal acquisition, and
- recording

Additionally:

- events are no longer acquired,
- reports are aborted and reset,
- limit values are no longer monitored, and
- the outputs remain in their latest status.

The parameters can now be programmed.



If a wrong codenumber is entered, the recorder remains in normal operation. Signal acquisition, processing and recording remain activated.

The parameters can be viewed but not programmed.

The codenumbers can be altered in the setup program under *Edit*  $\rightarrow$  *Codenumber...* or on the instrument ( $\Rightarrow$  Section 8.5.12).

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
	ENTER	CODE: <u>0000</u> Input codenumber	▲, ▼ ◀, ►	ENTER	⇒2
P-LEVEL					<ul><li>▲ forwards</li><li>▼ backwards</li></ul>

### 8.3 Parameter level

At the parameter level it is possible to configure general parameters.

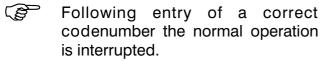
From the operating level, the parameter level is reached by simultaneously pressing keys  $\blacktriangle + \bigtriangledown$ , from the configuration level 1 by pressing the  $\boxed{\downarrow \complement / E}$  key.

The parameter level covers the following parameters:

- language
- date and time
- summer time
- display brightness
- relay limit settings
- dispaly time

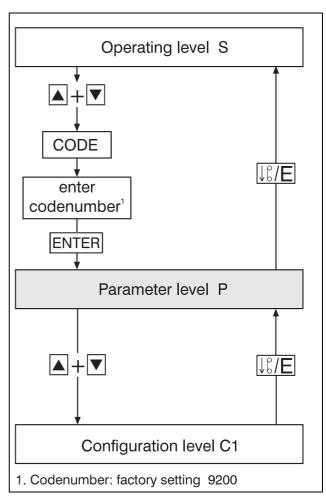
If an incorrect codenumber is entered, the recorder remains in normal operation. Signal acquisition, processing and recording remain activated.

The parameters can be viewed but can not be programmed.



There is no signal acquisition, processing or recording.

The relays of the external relay module ER8 remain in their current status. They are only operated again when the recorder is at the operating level or in the basic status.



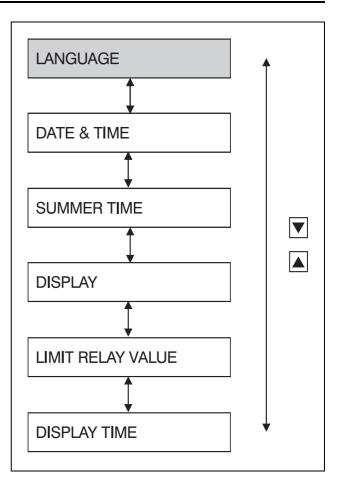
Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
P-LEVEL					<ul><li>▲ forwards</li><li>▼ backwards</li></ul>

#### 8.3.1 Language

There is a choice of the following languages:

- English
- French
- German

The language setting affects all non-programmable texts in the recorder which are printed or indicated.



Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Edit	Continue with
LANGUAGE	ENTER	Language: ENGLISH Select language: GERMAN ENGLISH FRENCH	<b>(</b> , <b>)</b>	ENTER	<ul> <li>▲ forwards</li> <li>▼ backwards</li> </ul>

#### 8.3.2 Date and time

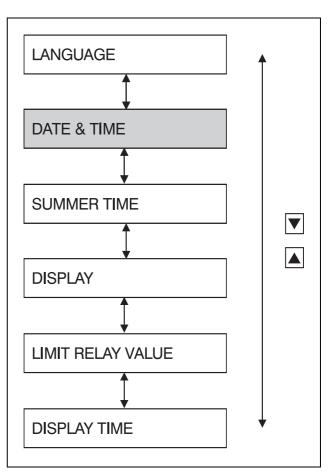
Programming the system clock of the recorder. The following are programmed: day, month, year, weekday, hour and minute.

The current clock time is printed at certain events.

It serves as reference time for timed events, such as statistical reports, timed operation and summer time.

Date and time are checked for plausibility after input. An error message is output where appropriate.

> The error message is acknowledged with ENTER and the data can then be re-entered.



Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
DATE & TIME	ENTER	DATE: <u>09.03.96</u> Input date: DD:MM:YY	▲, ▼ ◀, ▶	ENTER Check date	⇒2
	⇒2	Day: MONDAY Select weekday: MONDAY TUESDAY WEDNESDAY THURSDAY FRIDAY SATURDAY SUNDAY	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	⇒3
	⇒3	TIME: 00:00 Input clock time: hh:mm	▲, ▼ ◀, ▶	ENTER Check time	<ul><li>▲ forwards</li><li>▼ backwards</li></ul>

#### 8.3.3 Summer time

Input of a time interval during which the system clock of the recorder is changed to summer time.

Example:

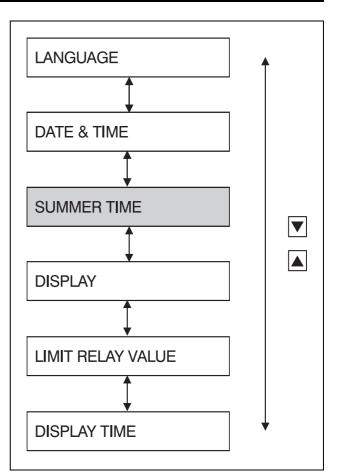
Summer time start: 31.03.96, 2:00 hrs Summer time end: 27.10.96, 3:00 hrs

On 31.03.96 at 2:00 hrs the system clock is advanced automatically one hour to 3:00 hrs.

On 27.10.96 at 3:00 hrs the system clock is automatically put back one hour to 2:00 hrs.

The time interval for summer time always applies only to the period indicated.

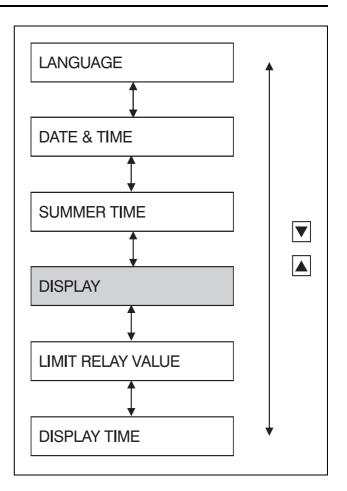
It has to be re-programmed afresh for each year.



Display	Edit	selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
SUMMERTIME	ENTER	SUMMERTIME: OFF, ON Input status	<b>▲</b> , <b>▼</b>	ENTER	ON: $\Rightarrow$ 2 OFF:
					forwards
					<b>V</b> backwards
	⇒2	BEGIN: <u>31.03.96</u> 00:00	<b>▲</b> , <b>▼</b>	ENTER	⇒3
	(ON)	Input date: DD:MM:YY	◀, ►	Check date	
	⇒3	BEGIN: 31.03.96 <u>02:00</u>	<b>▲</b> , <b>▼</b>	ENTER	$\Rightarrow$ 4
		Input time: hh:mm	◀, ►	Check time	
	$\Rightarrow$ 4	END: <u>27.10.96</u> 00:00	<b>(</b> , <b>)</b>	ENTER	$\Rightarrow$ 5
		Input date: DD:MM:YY	◀, ►	Check date	
	$\Rightarrow$ 5	END: 27.10.96 <u>03</u> : <u>00</u>	<b>▲</b> , <b>▼</b>	ENTER	▲ forwards
		Input time: hh:mm	<b>◀</b> , ►	Check time	▼ backwards

#### 8.3.4 Display brightness

The brightness of the display can be programmmed in four different steps.



Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
DISPLAY	ENTER	BRIGHTNESS: STEP 14	<b>(</b> , <b>)</b>	ENTER	<ul><li>▲ forwards</li><li>▼ backwards</li></ul>

#### 8.3.5 Relay limits

This parameter is only visible when the recorder is fitted with the interface for the external relay module ER8 (extra Code 259 is required)

For each relay, a separate limit value is programmed at which it switches on or off.

In addition, it is determined to which recorder channel the particular relay is assigned and whether limit monitoring is activated or not.

The switching differential to the left and right of the limit can be freely selected, also the limit comparator function (switch on or off at overlimit or underlimit lk7, lk8).

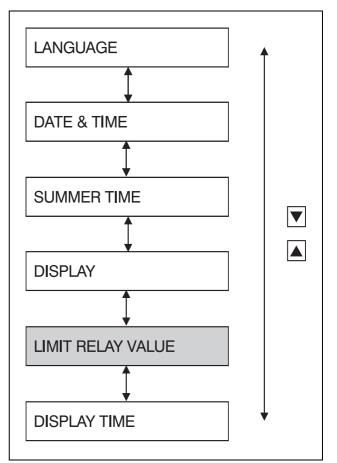
Section 8.6.1

concerning lk7 und lk8



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Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
LIMIT RELAY VALUE	ENTER	VALUE RELAY: <u>1</u> Input relay number: 18	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	⇒2
	⇒2	X VALUE RELY: <u>0.000</u> Input limit for relay. X = channel number Y = relay number	▲, ▼ ◀, ► S (deci- mal place)	ENTER	<ul> <li>▲ forwards</li> <li>▼ backwards</li> </ul>



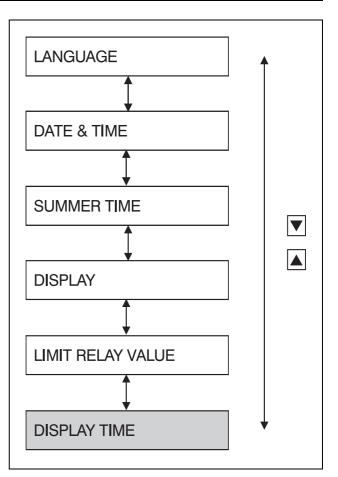
#### 8.3.6 Display of time

The parameter "Display time" has been added to the parameter level with effect from the instrument version 078.03.01.1.

The time is indicated on the display when the recorder is in the basic status. The time display can be suppressed (status = OFF) by using this parameter.



The instrument version can be determined by the parameter  $Operating \ level \rightarrow Service \ print.$ 



Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
DISPLAY TIME	ENTER	DISPLAY TIME: <u>ON</u>	▲, ▼	ENTER	forwards
		Select status (ON, OFF) for display of time in the basic status			backwards

### 8.4 Configuration level 1

At the configuration level 1 it is possible to configure channel-specific parameters.

From the parameter level, the configuration level 1 is reached by simultaneously pressing keys  $\blacktriangle + \bigtriangledown$ , from the configuration level 2 by pressing the  $\fbox{B/E}$  key.

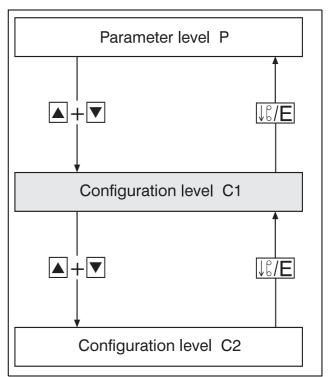
The parameter level 1 covers the following parameters:

- writing status
- measurement/signal input
- scaling
- channel designation
- limit operation
- plotarea (zoom)
- offset (presentation range)
- Following the input of a correct codenumber when calling up the parameter level, the recorder interrupts signal acquisition and recording at the configuration level 1. The parameters can be viewed **and** altered.

(P)

Signal acquisition, processing and recording are interrupted.

The relays of the external relay module ER8 remain in their current status. They are only operated again when the recorder is at the operating level or in the basic status.



Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
C1-LEVEL					forwards
					<b>V</b> backwards

#### 8.4.1 Writing status

Setting for each recording channel: whether the trace is printed on the chart and appears in the statistical report or not.

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
PLOTSTATE	ENTER	<u>1</u> PLOTSTATE Select number of the recording channel	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	⇒2
	⇒2	1 STATE: <u>ON</u> Select status of the recording channel: ON, OFF	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	<ul> <li>▲ forwards</li> <li>▼ backwards</li> </ul>

#### 8.4.2 Measurement/signal input

The input signal/sensor type is selected and the measurement ranges as well as the filter time constants for each input channel are defined.

- If customized tables are used for the linearisation of the input signals, the measurement inputs and the customized tables have to be set using the setup program.
- With inputs for resistance thermometer, thermocouple, current or voltage, the temperature values set at the signal input are automatically copied to the scaling after editing.

This does not apply, if linear, customized table 1 or customized table 2 has been configured as linearisation.

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
INPUT	ENTER	<u>1</u> INPUT Input number of input channel	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	⇒2
	⇒2	1 TYPE: RTD THERMOCOUPLE <sup>1</sup> POTENTIOMETER RES.TRANSMITTER VOLTAGE CURRENT	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	$ \begin{array}{c} \Rightarrow 3 \\ \Rightarrow 4 \\ \Rightarrow 5 \\ \Rightarrow 6 \\ \Rightarrow 7 \\ \Rightarrow 8 \end{array} $

1. The cold junction temperature of the internal cold junction is measured on channel 1. It is also valid for channels 2 and 3. If one or more thermocouple inputs are configured with an internal cold junction, a thermocouple with internal cold junction measurement or external constant cold junction temperature has to be configured for channel 1.

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
	⇒3 (RES.THERM.)	1 CHARACT:         Pt100         (-200 to +850°C)           Pt 100         (-200 to +649°C, JIS)           Pt 500         (-200 to +850°C)           Pt 1000         (-200 to +850°C)           Pt 1000         (-60 to +180°C)           Ni 100         (-60 to +180°C)           X1         customized 1           X2         customized 2	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	customized X1 or X2: $\Rightarrow$ 10 (FILTER) otherwise: $\Rightarrow$ 31
	⇒31	1 CONNECTION: <u>2/3-wire</u> 2/3-wire 4-wire Define type of connection of resistance thermometer: (2/3-wire or 4-wire)	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	⇒ <b>32</b>
	$\Rightarrow$ 32	1 UNIT: <u>℃</u> ℃, °F	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	⇒ 33
	$\Rightarrow$ 33	1 RANGE BEG: <u>-200.0</u> °C Input start of measurement range	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER Check range start according to characteristic	⇒ <b>3</b> 4
	⇒34	1 RANGE END: <u>+850.0</u> °C Input end of measurement range	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER Check range end according to characteristic end – start $\geq$ 15°C	$\Rightarrow$ 10 (FILTER)
	$\Rightarrow$ 4	see table below!			
	⇒10	1 FILTER: <u>+0.800</u> sec Input filter constant (value range: 0.0 — 10.0)	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER Check value range 0.0 — 10.0	<ul> <li>▲ forwards</li> <li>▼ backwards</li> </ul>

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
(Continued: INPUT)	⇒ 4 (THERMO- COUPLE)	$\begin{array}{rrrr} 1 \ \text{CHARACT:}\underline{L} \\ \text{L} & (-200 \ \text{to} \ +900^\circ\text{C}) \\ \text{J} & (-210 \ \text{to} \ +1200^\circ\text{C}) \\ \text{U} & (-200 \ \text{to} \ +600^\circ\text{C}) \\ \text{T} & (-270 \ \text{to} \ +400^\circ\text{C}) \\ \text{K} & (-270 \ \text{to} \ +1372^\circ\text{C}) \\ \text{E} & (-270 \ \text{to} \ +1300^\circ\text{C}) \\ \text{N} & (-270 \ \text{to} \ +1300^\circ\text{C}) \\ \text{N} & (-270 \ \text{to} \ +1300^\circ\text{C}) \\ \text{S} & (-50 \ \text{to} \ +1768^\circ\text{C}) \\ \text{R} & (-50 \ \text{to} \ +1768^\circ\text{C}) \\ \text{B} & (0 \ -1820^\circ\text{C}) \\ \text{X1} & (\text{customized lin. 1}) \\ \text{X2} & (\text{customized lin. 2}) \end{array}$	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	customized X1 or X2: $\Rightarrow$ 10 (FILTER) otherwise: $\Rightarrow$ 41
	⇒41	1 UNIT: <u>°C</u> °C, °F	▲, ▼	ENTER	⇒42
	⇒ 42	1 RANGE BEG: <u>-200.0</u> °C Input start of measurement range	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER Check range start according to characteristic	⇒ <b>4</b> 3
	⇒ 43	1 RANGE END: <u>+900.0</u> °C Input end of measurement range	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER Check range end according to characteristic end – start ≥100°C S,R,B≥ 500°C	⇒ 44
	⇒44	1 TEMP. COMP: INTERN Pt 100 INTERN Pt 100 EXTERN Pt 100 EXT. CONST.	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	INTERN Pt $100^{1}$ : EXTERN Pt $100$ : $\Rightarrow$ 10 (FILTER) EXT. CONST.: $\Rightarrow$ 45
	⇒ 45 (only with EXT. CONST.)	1 COMP. TEMP.: <u>+0020.</u> °C Input cold junction temperature (value range: -20 to +100°C)	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER Check value range	$\Rightarrow$ 10 (FILTER)

1. The cold junction temperature of the internal cold junction is measured on channel 1. It is also valid for channels 2 and 3. If one or more thermocouple inputs are configured with an internal cold junction, a thermocouple with internal cold junction measurement or external constant cold junction temperature has to be configured for channel 1.

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
	⇒5 (POTENTIO- METER)	1 CHARACT.: <u>linear</u> linear X1 (customized lin. 1) X2 (customized lin. 2)	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	customized X1 or X2: $\Rightarrow$ 10 (FILTER) otherwise: $\Rightarrow$ 51
	⇒51	1 CONNECTION: <u>2/3-wire</u> 2/3-wire 4-wire Define type of potentio- meter connection: (2/3-wire circuit or 4-wire circuit)	<b>, </b>	ENTER	⇒ 52
	⇒52	1 Ro: <u>+300.0</u> Ohm Input start resistance	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER Check $0 \le \text{Ro} \le$ 3900 Ohm	⇒ 53
	⇒53	1 Rp: <u>+900.0</u> Ohm Input measurement range (resistance Rp)	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER Check $0 \le RANGE \le$ 3900 Ohm Total resistance Ro + Rp $\le$ 3900 Ohm min. span: 6 Ohm	$\Rightarrow$ 10 (FILTER)
	⇒6	see table below!			

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
(Continued: INPUT)	⇒6 (RES. TRANS- MITTER)	1 CHARACT.: <u>linear</u> linear X1 (customized lin. 1) X2 (customized lin. 2)	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	linear characteristic: $\Rightarrow$ 61 customized X1 oder X2: $\Rightarrow$ 10 (FILTER)
	⇒61	1 Ra: <u>+300.0</u> Ohm Input start resistance	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER Check $0 \le \text{start res.}$ $\le 3900 \text{ Ohm}$	$\Rightarrow$ 62
	⇒62	1 Rs: <u>+300.0</u> Ohm Input measurement range	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER Check 0 ≤ range ≤ 3900 Ohm min. span: 6 Ohm	$\Rightarrow$ 63
	⇒ <b>6</b> 3	1 Re: <u>+900.0</u> Ohm Input end resistance	▲, ▼, ▼, ▶, S	ENTER Check $0 \le end res.$ $\le 3900$ Ohm total resistance Ra+Rs+Re $\le$ 3900 Ohm	$\Rightarrow$ 10 (FILTER)
	⇒7	see table below!			

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
(Continued: INPUT)	⇒7 (VOLTAGE)	$\begin{array}{c c} 1 \ \text{CHARACT.: } \underline{\text{linear}} \\ \text{linear} \\ \text{Pt 100} & (-200 \ \text{to} \ +850^{\circ}\text{C}) \\ \text{Pt 100} & (-200 \ \text{to} \ +649^{\circ}\text{C}, \ \text{JS}) \\ \text{Pt 500} & (-200 \ \text{to} \ +850^{\circ}\text{C}) \\ \text{Pt 1000} & (-200 \ \text{to} \ +850^{\circ}\text{C}) \\ \text{Pt 1000} & (-200 \ \text{to} \ +850^{\circ}\text{C}) \\ \text{Pt 1000} & (-200 \ \text{to} \ +850^{\circ}\text{C}) \\ \text{Ni 100} & (-60 \ \text{to} \ +180^{\circ}\text{C}) \\ \text{L} & (-200 \ \text{to} \ +900^{\circ}\text{C}) \\ \text{J} & (-210 \ \text{to} \ +1200^{\circ}\text{C}) \\ \text{J} & (-210 \ \text{to} \ +1200^{\circ}\text{C}) \\ \text{U} & (-200 \ \text{to} \ +600^{\circ}\text{C}) \\ \text{T} & (-270 \ \text{to} \ +400^{\circ}\text{C}) \\ \text{K} & (-270 \ \text{to} \ +1372^{\circ}\text{C}) \\ \text{E} & (-270 \ \text{to} \ +1300^{\circ}\text{C}) \\ \text{N} & (-270 \ \text{to} \ +1300^{\circ}\text{C}) \\ \text{N} & (-270 \ \text{to} \ +1768^{\circ}\text{C}) \\ \text{R} & (-50 \ \text{to} \ +1768^{\circ}\text{C}) \\ \text{B} & (0-1820^{\circ}\text{C}) \\ \text{X1} & (\text{customized lin. 1}) \\ \text{X2} & (\text{customized lin. 2}) \end{array}$	<b>▲</b> , <b>▼</b>	ENTER	customized X1 <sup>1</sup> or X2 <sup>1</sup> : $\Rightarrow$ 10 (FILTER) otherwise: $\Rightarrow$ 71
	⇒71	1 UNIT: <u>mV</u> mV, V	<b>\</b> , <b>\</b>	ENTER	⇒72
	⇒72	1 RANGE BEG: <u>+0.000</u> mV Input start of measurement range	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER Check range start (-10.0V $\leq$ range start < 10.0V or 0.0V < range start $\leq 22.0V$	⇒ <b>73</b>
	⇒73	1 RANGE END: <u>+999.0</u> mV Input end of measurement range	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER Check range end (-10.0V ≤ range end < 10.0V or 0.0V < range end ≤ 22.0V) min. span: 5 mV	linear characteristic: $\Rightarrow$ 10 (FILTER) otherwise: $\Rightarrow$ 74

1. If required, gain factors of transmitters must be taken into account when entering the characteristics in the setup program.

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
	$\Rightarrow$ 74 (only with ther- mocouples and resistance thermometers	1 TEMP: <u>°C</u> °C, °F	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	⇒ <b>7</b> 5
	⇒75	1 TEMP. BEG: <u>-200.0</u> °C Input start of temperature range	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER Check temp. start according to characteristic	⇒76
	⇒76	1 TEMP. END: <u>+900.0</u> °C Input end of temperature range	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER Check temp. end according to characteristic end – start: Res.therm. $\geq 15^{\circ}$ C thermo- couple. $\geq$ 100°C, S, R, B $\geq$ 500°C	$\Rightarrow$ 10 (FILTER)
	⇒8	see table below!			

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
(Continued: INPUT)	⇒8 (CURRENT)	1 CHARACT.:         linear           Pt 100         (-200 to +850°C)           Pt 100         (-200 to +649°C, JIS)           Pt 500         (-200 to +850°C)           Pt 1000         (-200 to +850°C)           Pt 1000         (-200 to +850°C)           Pt 1000         (-200 to +850°C)           Ni 100         (-60 to +180°C)           L         (-200 to +900°C)           J         (-210 to +1200°C)           U         (-200 to +600°C)           T         (-270 to +1300°C)           K         (-270 to +1372°C)           E         (-270 to +1300°C)           N         (-270 to +1300°C)           S         (-50 to +1768°C)           B         (0 - 1820°C)           X1         (customized lin. 1)           X2         (customized lin. 2)	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	customized. X1 <sup>1</sup> or X2 <sup>1</sup> : $\Rightarrow$ 10 (FILTER) otherwise: $\Rightarrow$ 81
	⇒81	1 RANGE BEG: <u>+0.000</u> mA Input start of measurement range	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER Check range start (-20,5mA $\leq$ range start < 20.5 mA or 0.0mA $\leq$ range start $\leq 45.0 mA$ or -4,0mA $\leq$ range start $\leq 21.0 mA$ )	⇒ 82

1. Gain factors of transmitters must, if required, be taken into account when entering the characteristics in the setup program.

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
	⇒ 82	1 RANGE END: <u>+020.0</u> mA Input end of measurement range	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER Check range end $(-20,5mA \le range end < 20.5mA$ or $0.0mA \le range end \le 45.0mA$ or $-4.0mA \le range end \le 21.0mA$ ) min. span: 0.5mA	linear characteristic: $\Rightarrow$ 10 (FILTER) otherwise: $\Rightarrow$ 83
	⇒ 83 (only with ther- mocouples and resistance thermometers)	1 TEMP:: <u>°C</u> °C, °F	<b>(</b> , <b>)</b>	ENTER	⇒ 84
	⇒84	1 TEMP. BEG: <u>-200.0</u> °C Input start of temperature range	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER Check temp. start according to characteristic	$\Rightarrow$ 85
	⇒85	1 TEMP. END: <u>+900.0</u> °C Input end of temperature range	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER Check temp. end according to characteristic end – start: Res.therm. $\geq$ 15°C, thermocouple. $\geq$ 100°C S, R, B $\geq$ 500°C	$\Rightarrow$ 10 (FILTER)

### 8.4.3 Scaling

The scaling start/end value and the dimension (unit) are defined to record the measurement. For the alpha-numerical presentation of the measurement on the display and on the chart, the number format is selected.



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Example:

A temperature transmitter supplies a voltage within the range of 0 - 10V. This range corresponds to a temperature of 200 - 600°C.

Programming:

Unit:	С°
Scaling start:	200
Scaling end:	600
Number format:	XXX.X

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
SCALING	ENTER	<u>3</u> SCALING Select recording channel	<b>(</b> , <b>)</b>	ENTER	⇒2
	⇒2	3 DIMENSION: 5 digits freely selectable	▲, ▼, S	ENTER	⇒3
	$\Rightarrow$ 3	3 ZERO <u>+200.0</u> °C Input start of scaling	▲, ▼, ▼, ▶, S	ENTER	⇒4
	$\Rightarrow$ 4	3 FULL <u>+600.0</u> °C Input end of scaling	▲, ▼, ▼, ▶, S	ENTER Check zero <> full	$\Rightarrow$ 5
	⇒5	3 DECIMAL POINT: <u>x.xxx</u> Select decimal place : AUTO, x.xxx, xx.xx, xxx.x, xxxx.	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	<ul><li>▲ forwards</li><li>▼ backwards</li></ul>

### 8.4.4 Channel designation

Defines the channel designation for each recording channel. During scaling the designation is printed on the chart and shown on the display together with the measurement value. The complete character set is available. (⇔ Section 12.5).

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
WORD AND NUMBER	ENTER	<u>2</u> WORD AND NUMBER Select recording channel	<b>▲</b> , <b>▼</b>	ENTER	⇒2
	⇒2	2 Input channel designation (16 characters, complete character set)	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER	<ul> <li>▲ forwards</li> <li>▼ backwards</li> </ul>

### 8.4.5 Limit operation

On overlimit or underlimit, the chart print-out is continued with the chart speed set under parameter LIMIT FEED ( $\Rightarrow$  Section 8.5.3). Status and limits are set separately for each channel.

A switching differential of 0.5% is set about the switching point to avoid that the chart speed is changed too frequently. The switching differential is referred to scaling and plotarea (zoom).

Differential = (end of scaling – start if scaling) **\*** (end of plotarea – start of plotarea) **\*** 0.01/100

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
LIMIT FEED	ENTER	<u>2</u> LIMIT FEED Select recording channel	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	⇒2
	⇒2	2 STATE LIMIT FEED: ON Select status for limits: ON, OFF	<b>(</b> , <b>)</b>	ENTER	FROM: ▲ forwards ▼ backwards otherwise: ⇒ 3
	$\Rightarrow$ 3	2 LOW: <u>–200.0</u> unit Input low limit	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER	$\Rightarrow$ 4
	⇒4	2 HIGH: <u>600.0</u> unit Input high limit	▲, ▼, ▼, ▶, S	ENTER Check low < high	<ul><li>▲ forwards</li><li>▼ backwards</li></ul>

### 8.4.6 Plotarea (zoom)

Defines the range of the input signal to be recorded on the chart. The complete range or an enlarged section can be recorded. Input is in percent. The low value designates the point of the measurement range which becomes the new zero. The high value designates the new end value. The entire measurement range (scaling start to scaling end) corresponds to 100%.



The difference between low and high value must be at least 10%.

The low value is calculated as follows: (smallest value to be recorded – start of scaling) / (end of scaling – start of scaling) **\*** 100%

The high value is calculated as follows: (largest value to be recorded – start of scaling) / (end of scaling – start of scaling) **\*** 100%

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
PLOTAREA	ENTER	<u>2</u> PLOTAREA Select recording channel	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	⇒2
	⇒2	2 LOW: <u>010</u> % Input start of presentation range of measurement value (in percent of the measurement range)	▲, ▼, ◀, ►	ENTER Check: $0 \le \text{start}$ $\le 90\%$	⇒3
	⇒3	2 HIGH: <u>100</u> % Input end of presentation range of measurement value (in percent of the measurement range)	▲, ▼, ◀, ►	ENTER Check: end $\leq 100\%$ and end-start $\geq 10\%$	<ul> <li>▲ forwards</li> <li>▼ backwards</li> </ul>

### 8.4.7 Presentation range (offset)

Defines the range on the chart on which a trace is to be recorded. Either the entire width of 100 mm or a strip can be selected for the display. Sets the start and end of the trace on the chart. The input is made in mm steps.

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
OFFSET	ENTER	<u>2</u> OFFSET Select recording channel	<b>(</b> , <b>)</b>	ENTER	⇒2
	⇒2	2 LOW: <u>20</u> mm Input start of offset	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶	ENTER Check: $0 \le \text{start} \le 99$	⇒3
	⇒3	2 HIGH: <u>060</u> mm Input end of offset	▲, ▼, ◀, ►	ENTER Check: start < end, end $\leq 100$	<ul> <li>▲ forwards</li> <li>▼ backwards</li> </ul>

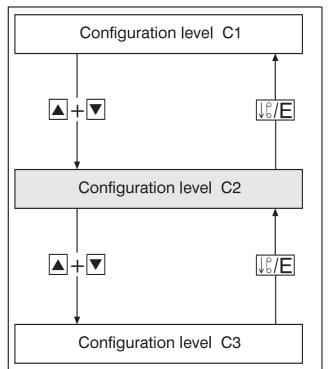
# 8.5 Configuration level 2

At the configuration level 2 it is possible to configure global parameters.

From the configuration level 1, the configuration level 2 is reached by simultaneously pressing keys  $\blacktriangle + \bigtriangledown$ , from the configuration level 3 by pressing the  $\boxed{ lb/E}$  key.

The configuration level 2 covers the following parameters:

- instrument designation
- chart speed programming mode
- chart speed limit operation
- timed operation
- scale printing
- time printing
- pen offset compensation
- statistical report
- start text
- end text
- presetting
- codenumber
- If a correct codenumber has been entered when calling up the parameter level, signal acquisition and recording are interrupted at the configuration level 2. The parameters can be viewed **and** altered.



Signal acquisition, processing and recording are interrupted.

The relays of the external relay module ER8 remain in their current status. They are only operated again when the recorder is at the operating level or in the basic status.

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
C2-LEVEL					forwards
					<b>V</b> backwards

### 8.5.1 Instrument designation

Defines the instrument or system designation. The complete character set is available. (⇔ Section 12.5).

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
UNITWORD	ENTER	TEXT: Input instrument desig- nation (16 characters, complete character set)	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER	<ul> <li>▲ forwards</li> <li>▼ backwards</li> </ul>

### 8.5.2 Speed programming mode

For programming the chart speed, this parameter is used to choose between standard steps, i.e. selection of a chart speed from a table of values, and continuous programming of the speed (speed programming in unit steps).

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
KIND OF FEED PROGRAMMING	ENTER	PROGR.: <u>STANDARD STEPS</u> Select programming mode: STANDARD STEPS (value from table of values) CONTINUOUS	, <b>V</b>	ENTER	<ul> <li>▲ forwards</li> <li>▼ backwards</li> </ul>
		(can be programmed freely)			

### 8.5.3 Speed limit operation

Chart speed on limit operation. It is possible to change to this chart speed, if the signal goes above/below the limit values entered under the parameter LIMIT FEED.



Please observe priorities within the different chart speeds.

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Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
FEED LIMIT	ENTER ⇒ with step speed programming:	FEED LIMIT: <u>7200</u> mm/h Select chart speed: 0, 5, 10, 20, 60, 120, 240, 300, 360, 600, 720, 1800, 3600, 7200 mm/h	<b>, </b>	ENTER	<ul> <li>▲ forwards</li> <li>▼ backwards</li> </ul>
	⇒ with continuous speed programming:	FEED LIMIT: <u>0000</u> mm/h Set required chart speed, value range: 0 — 7200 mm/h	▲, ▼, ◀, ►	ENTER Check speed value	<ul><li>▲ forwards</li><li>▼ backwards</li></ul>

### 8.5.4 Timed operation

Chart speed which is only valid within the entered time span.

On reaching the start time, the chart speed is changed over to the value configured here.

When the end time has been reached, the chart speed is switched back to the standard chart speed.

If start time = end time, the timed operation is switched off.



Please observe priorities within the different chart speeds.

⇒ Section 7.5

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
FEED TIME	ENTER ⇒ with step speed programming:	FEED TIME: <u>7200</u> mm/h Select speed: 0, 5, 10, 20, 60, 120, 240, 300, 360, 600, 720, 1800, 3600, 7200 mm/h	<b>(</b> , <b>)</b>	ENTER	⇒2
	⇒ with continuous speed programming:	FEED TIME: <u>0000</u> mm/h Set required chart speed, value range: 0 — 7200 mm/h	▲, ▼, ◀, ►	ENTER Check: speed value	⇒2
	⇒2	FROM-TO: 21 : 30   06 : 30 h min Input start time (seconds = 0 sec)	▲, ▼, ◀, ►	ENTER Check time	$\Rightarrow$ 3
	⇒3	FROM-TO: 21 : 30 06 : 30 h min Input end time (seconds = 0 sec)	▲, ▼, ◀, ►	ENTER Check time	<ul><li>▲ forwards</li><li>▼ backwards</li></ul>

### 8.5.5 Scale printing

Defines the regular spacing in which the scaling is to be printed on the chart. The values which are set are guide values and may differ according to the chart speed.



Scale printing can also be started manually on the recorder. Hold  $\boxed{F}$  key down for at least 4 sec.

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
PRINT SCALE	ENTER	SPACING: <u>60</u> cm Select spacing of scaling on the chart: OFF 30 cm 60 cm 90 cm	<b>(</b> , <b>)</b>	ENTER	<ul> <li>▲ forwards</li> <li>▼ backwards</li> </ul>

### 8.5.6 Time printing

Defines the spacing in which the time is to be printed on the chart. The values which are set are guide values and differ according to the chart speed.



Section 7.3

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
PRINT TIME	ENTER	DISTANCE: <u>6</u> cm Select spacing of time on the chart: OFF 4cm 6cm 12cm	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	<ul> <li>▲ forwards</li> <li>▼ backwards</li> </ul>

### 8.5.7 Pen offset compensation

There is an offset of 2mm each between the fibre pens from channel 1 to channel 2 and from channel 2 to channel 3. This offset is compensated by a buffer storage of the measured values when the pen offset compensation is switched on.

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
PEN DISPLACE COMPENSATION	ENTER	COMPENSATION: <u>OFF</u> Switch pen offset compensation on or off: OFF, ON	<b>(</b> , <b>)</b>	ENTER	<ul><li>▲ forwards</li><li>▼ backwards</li></ul>

### 8.5.8 Statistical report

Keeping statistics with a print-out of a table of statistics at the end of the statistical period. ( $\Rightarrow$  Section 7.9).

The statistical period as well as the starting time for the print-out of the table of statistics are printed here.

If EXTERN CONTACT (logic input) is selected as report, it must be defined at the configuration level 3 under External Report, which logic input has to operate the report. (⇔ Section 8.5.10).

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
REPORT	ENTER	TYPE: <u>OFF</u> Set period of statistical report: OFF DAILY WEEKLY MONTHLY EXTERN CONTACT	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	OFF, EXTERN CONTACT: forwards $\bigtriangledown$ backwards otherwise: $\Rightarrow$ 2 $\Rightarrow$ 3 $\Rightarrow$ 4
	$\Rightarrow 2$ (DAILY) $\Rightarrow 3$ (WEEKLY) $\Rightarrow 4$ (MONTHLY <sup>1</sup> )	TIME: <u>08</u> : <u>00</u> Input time when the statistical table has to be printed	▲, ▼, ◀, ►	ENTER Check time	DAILY, MONTHLY: ▲ forwards ▼ backwards WEEKLY: ⇒ 31
	(WEEKLY) ⇒ 31	WEEKDAY: <u>THURSDAY</u> Select day of the week: MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY, SUNDAY	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER Check time	<ul> <li>▲ forwards</li> <li>▼ backwards</li> </ul>

1. On each first day of the month

### 8.5.9 Text at beginning

Defines the text which is printed after a stop at the re-start of the recording ( $\Rightarrow$  Section 7.6). The complete character set is available. ( $\Rightarrow$  Section 12.5).

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
BEGIN TEXT	ENTER	STATE: <u>ON</u> Select status for printing text at beginning: OFF, ON	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	OFF: forwards backwards ON: $\Rightarrow 2$
	⇒2	TEXT: Input text at beginning (16 characters, complete character set)	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER	

### 8.5.10 Text at end

Г

Т

Defines the text which is printed after a stop command before reaching the stop status. ( $\Rightarrow$  Section 7.6).

The complete character set is available. ( $\Rightarrow$  Section 12.5).

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
END TEXT	ENTER	STATE: <u>ON</u> Select status for printing the text at end: OFF, ON	, ,	ENTER	OFF: ▲ forwards ▼ backwards ON: ⇒ 2
	⇒2	TEXT: Input text at end (16 characters, complete character set)	▲, ▼, , ▶, , ▶,	ENTER	

Т

### 8.5.11 Presetting

Presets the parameter/configuration data for commissioning and re-commissioning the recorder. The instruments are supplied factory-set with this setting.



This does not apply to the customized linearisation tables.

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
PRESETTING	ENTER	PRESETTING: <u>NO</u> Overwrite parameter/ configuration data with standard values: NO, YES	<b>(</b> , <b>)</b>	ENTER	<ul> <li>▲ forwards</li> <li>▼ backwards</li> </ul>

### 8.5.12 Codenumber

Exchanges JUMO codenumbers for customized codenumbers.

Two different codenumbers are available:

- The codenumber for a restricted parameter set (factory-set to 9200).
- The codenumber for a complete parameter set (factory-set to 9210).

The parameters which belong to the restricted parameter set are defined in the setup program under  $Edit \rightarrow Operation...$ .

⇒ Section 8.2.4

When customized codenumbers are input, the original JUMO codenumbers are overwritten and are then no longer valid.

If the same numbers are defined for both codenumbers, this codenumber is interpreted as the codenumber for the complete parameter set.



Section 8.2.4

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
CODENUMBER	ENTER	ALL PARAMETERS: 9210 Customized codenumber for the complete parameter set	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶,	ENTER	⇒ 2
	⇒2	SELECT PARAMETERS: <u>9200</u> Customized codenumber for the restricted parameter set	▲, ▼, ◀, ►	ENTER	<ul> <li>▲ forwards</li> <li>▼ backwards</li> </ul>

# 8.6 Configuration level 3

At the configuration level 3 parameters of the Extra Codes and the maths and logics module are configured.

It is reached from configuration level 2 by simultaneously pressing the  $\blacktriangle + \blacktriangledown$  keys.

The configuration level 3 covers the following parameters:

- relay outputs
- maths and logics module
- interface
- external text
- binary-linked external text
- external stop
- external speed
- event counter
- external scaling
- external report



If a correct coden

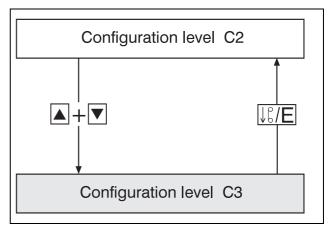
umber has been input when calling up the parameter level, signal acquisition and recording are interrupted at configuration level 3. The parameters can be viewed **and** altered.



Signal acquisition, processing and recording are interrupted.

The relays of the external relay module ER8 remain in their current status. They are only operated again when the recorder is at the operating level or in the basic status.

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
C3-LEVEL					forwards
					<b>V</b> backwards



### 8.6.1 Relay output

Extra Code 259 is required.

Accessory "External relay module ER8" is required.

The external relay module ER8 is connected to the recorder via a serial interface. It adds 8 switching outputs to the recorder. The channels which are recorded can be freely assigned to relays 1 to 8. The limit value belonging to the relays is set at the parameter level. ( $\Rightarrow$  Section 8.3.5).

Texts TEXT L and TEXT H, which can be freely configured, report the limit transitions. ( $\Rightarrow$  Section 7.7).

For lk7 and lk8 ⇒ Section 10.3

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
RELAY-OUTPUTS	ENTER	RELAY: <u>3</u> Select relay: 1 — 8	<b>(</b>	ENTER	⇒2
	⇒2	REL3 STATE: <u>ON</u> Input relay status: OFF, ON	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	OFF: forwards backwards ON: $\Rightarrow 3$
	$\Rightarrow$ 3 (ON)	REL3 CHANNEL: <u>2</u> Select channel belonging to relay : 1 — 3	<b>(</b> , <b>)</b>	ENTER	$\Rightarrow$ 4
	⇒4	2 REL3 HYST.L: <u>x.xxx</u> Input differential left of the limit	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER	$\Rightarrow$ 5

# 8 Programming

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
	⇒5	2 REL3 HYST.H: <u>x.xxx</u> Input differential right of the limit	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER	$\Rightarrow$ 6
	⇒6	2 REL3 LK: <u>LK7</u> Select limit comparator function: LK7, LK8	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	$\Rightarrow$ 7
	⇒7	2 REL3 SENS BR: <u>CONST.</u> Define relay position on sensor break: OFF, ON, CONST. (CONST.= constant, relay position is maintained.)	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	⇒8
	⇒8	TEXT L: Input text for underlimit (16 characters)	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER	⇒ 9
	⇒9	TEXT H: Input text for overlimit (16 characters)	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER	<ul><li>▲ forwards</li><li>▼ backwards</li></ul>

### 8.6.2 Maths and logics module

Sets the status of the maths and logics module..

(P

The recorder response can, in principle, change when the maths and logics module is switched on.

The information given in the Operating Manual can then become partially invalid.



Section 10.5

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
MATHEMATICAL MODULE	ENTER	MATHEMATICAL MODULE: <u>ON</u> Deactivate/activate the maths module: OFF, ON	<b>(</b> , <b>)</b>	ENTER	<ul> <li>▲ forwards</li> <li>▼ backwards</li> </ul>

### 8.6.3 Interface

Extra Code 52 or 53 is required.

Sets the parameters of the RS 422/RS 485 interface:

- protocol
- baud rate
- data format
- instrument address
- minimum response time

The minumum response time is the minimum time span between the query of an instrument in a data network and the answer of the pen recorder.



B 70.6001.2

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
INTERFACE	ENTER	PROTOCOL: <u>J-BUS</u> Set protocol: J-BUS MOD-BUS	<b>(</b> , <b>)</b>	ENTER	⇒2
	⇒2	BAUD: <u>9.6</u> kBAUD Select baud rate (values in kbaud): 0.15, 0.3, 1.2, 2.4, 4.8, 9.6, 19.2, 38.4, 125.0, 187.5kbaud	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	⇒3
	⇒3	DATA FORMAT: <u>8/1/NO</u> Select data format (data bits/stop bits/ parity): 8/1/NO, 8/1/ODD, 8/1/EVEN, 8/2 NO, 8/1/ZERO	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	$\Rightarrow$ 4

# 8 Programming

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
	$\Rightarrow$ 4	ADDRESS: <u>001</u> Select address: 1 — 255	▲, ▼, ▼, ▶,	ENTER Check: $1 \le address \le 255$	$\Rightarrow$ 5
	⇒5	MIN. RESPONSE TIME: <u>000T</u> msec Select minimum response time: 0 — 999 msec	▲, ▼, ▼, ▶	ENTER Check: $0 \le resp.time \le 999$	<ul> <li>▲ forwards</li> <li>▼ backwards</li> </ul>

### 8.6.4 External text

Extra Code 259 is required.

A signal at one logic input (external contact) can prompt the recorder to print a text/ commentary which is programmed here.



Section 7.7

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Edit	Continue with
EXTERNAL TEXT	ENTER	<u>2</u> EXTERNAL TEXT Select text number: 1 — 8	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	⇒ 2
	⇒2	2 CONTACT: LOG.INPUT 3 Select logic input: OFF LOG.INPUT 1 LOG.INPUT 2 LOG.INPUT 3 LOG.INPUT 4  LOG.INPUT 8	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	OFF: ▲ forwards ▼ backwards otherwise: ⇒ 3
	⇒3	2 TEXT: Input text (16 characters)	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER	<ul><li>▲ forwards</li><li>▼ backwards</li></ul>

### 8.6.5 Binary-linked external text

Extra Code 259 is required.

The signals which are present at the first four logic inputs are interpreted as a binary number. A text of 16 characters can be assigned to each of these 16 possible binary numbers ( $2^4 = 16$ ).

A change of at least one signal at the first four logic inputs results in a new binary number.

If the printing status of the text belonging to this binary number is programmed to ON, the text is printed. ( $\Rightarrow$  Section 7.7).

Diplay	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
TEXT LOGIC LINKS	ENTER	LINK: <u>BIN.INPUT 1-4</u> Select inputs which are to be binary-linked: OFF no text BIN.INPUT 1 text 00 text 01and BIN.INPUT1-2 text 00 text 03 BIN.INPUT1-3 text 00 text 07 BIN.INPUT1-4 text 00 text 15	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	OFF: ▲ forwards ▼ backwards otherwise: ⇒ 2
	⇒2	<u>07</u> TEXT LOGIC LINKS Select binary combination (text no.): 00 — 15	<b>(</b> , <b>)</b>	ENTER	⇒3
	⇒3	07 TEXT STATE: <u>ON</u> Select status for text printing: OFF, ON	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	$\Rightarrow$ 4
	$\Rightarrow$ 4	07 TXT: Input text (16 characters, complete character set)	▲, ▼, ▼, ▶, S	ENTER	<ul> <li>▲ forwards</li> <li>▼ backwards</li> </ul>

### 8.6.6 External stop

Extra Code 259 is required.

Stops the recorder via a signal at the logic input. As long as the signal is present, the recording is interrupted.

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
EXTERNAL STOP	ENTER	CONTACT: <u>LOG.INPUT 3</u> Select logic input: OFF LOG.INPUT 1 LOG.INPUT 2 LOG.INPUT 3 LOG.INPUT 4  LOG.INPUT 8	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	<ul> <li>▲ forwards</li> <li>▼ backwards</li> </ul>

### 8.6.7 External speed

Extra Code 259 is required.

The chart speed changed to when the logic input which has the function FEED EXTERN assigned to it is closed.

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
FEED EXTERN ENTER	CONTACT: <u>LOG.INPUT 3</u> Select logic input: OFF LOG.INPUT 1 LOG.INPUT 2 LOG.INPUT 3 LOG.INPUT 4  LOG.INPUT 8	<b>(</b> , <b>)</b>	ENTER	OFF: ▲ forwards ▼ backwards otherwise: ⇒ 2	
	$\Rightarrow$ 2 (with step speed programming)	FEED EXTERN: <u>7200</u> mm/h Select speed: 0, 5, 10, 20, 60, 120, 240, 300, 360, 600, 720, 1800, 3600, 7200 mm/h	<b>(</b> , <b>)</b>	ENTER	<ul> <li>▲ forwards</li> <li>▼ backwards</li> </ul>
	$\Rightarrow$ 2 (with continuous speed programming)	FEED EXTERN: 0000 mm/h Set the required chart speed value range: 0 — 7200 mm/h	▲, ▼, ◀, ►	ENTER Check speed value	<ul> <li>▲ forwards</li> <li>▼ backwards</li> </ul>

### 8.6.8 Event counter

Extra Code 259 is required.

The recorder features two event counters which can each be assigned to a logic input. Any start value can be configured. When a signal is applied to the corresponding logic input (external contact), the counter is incremented by one each time, if it is switched on (status=ON).

Event counters are reset via programming the start value. A text can be entered in each event counter for designation.



Section 7.8

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
EVENT COUNTER	ENTER	2 EVENT COUNTER Select event counter: 1 — 2	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	⇒2
	⇒2	2 CONTACT: LOG.INPUT 3 Select logic input or status: OFF LOG.INPUT 1 LOG.INPUT 2  LOG.INPUT 8	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	OFF: ▲ forwards ▼ backwards otherwise: ⇒ 3
	⇒3	2 EC STATE: <u>ON</u> Select status: OFF, ON	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	$\Rightarrow$ 4
	$\Rightarrow$ 4	2 BEG VALUE: 0.000 Input start value of the event counter	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶	ENTER	⇒5
	⇒5	2 TEXT: Input text to designate the event counter (16 characters)	▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, S	ENTER	<ul><li>▲ forwards</li><li>▼ backwards</li></ul>

### 8.6.9 External scaling

Defines the logic input from which the scale printing is initiated.



Section 7.4

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
EXTERNAL SCALING	ENTER	CONTACT: <u>LOG.INPUT 3</u> Select logic input: OFF LOG.INPUT 1 LOG.INPUT 2 LOG.INPUT 3 LOG.INPUT 4  LOG.INPUT 8	<b>(</b> , <b>)</b>	ENTER	<ul> <li>▲ forwards</li> <li>▼ backwards</li> </ul>

### 8.6.10 External report

Defines the logic input from which the statistics are compiled and the report is printed.

Statistics are initiated by the recognition of the low-high edge, terminated with the recognition of the high-low edge and printed out in table format.

In the case of a report via external contact, (⇒ Section 8.5.8) the REPORT TYPE in the parameter REPORT has to be set to EXTERN CONTACT.

Display	Edit	Selection/input	with keys	Enter	Continue with
EXTERNAL REPORT	ENTER	CONTACT: <u>LOG.INPUT 3</u> Select logic input: OFF LOG.INPUT 1 LOG.INPUT 2 LOG.INPUT 3 LOG.INPUT 4  LOG.INPUT 8	<b>A</b> , <b>V</b>	ENTER	<ul> <li>▲ forwards</li> <li>▼ backwards</li> </ul>

## 9.1 Summary of consumables

### Fibre pens, disposable

blue,	Part No.: 00309750
red,	Part No.: 00309751
green,	Part No.: 00309753

### **Roll chart**

overall width: 120 mm

no name, % graduation, linear overall length: 16 m Packing unit: 5 rolls Part No.: 00331497

no name, % graduation, linear overall length: 32 m Packing unit: 5 rolls Part No.: 00331499

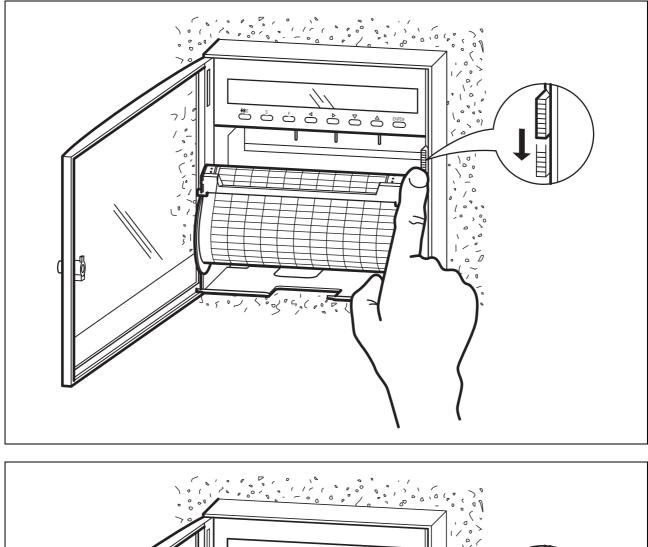
no name, special graduation (printing as order specification) overall length: 16 m/32 m

### **Fanfold chart**

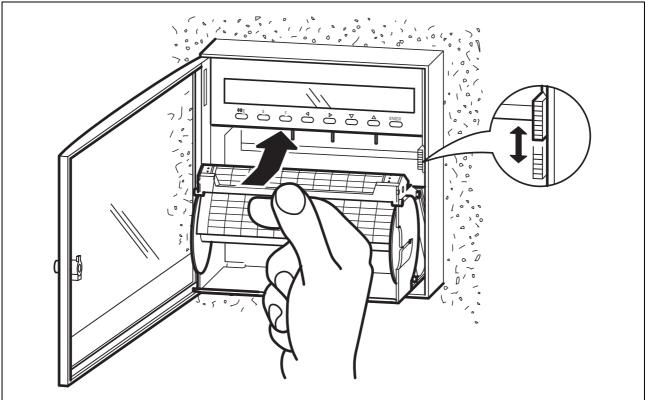
overall width: 120 mm overall length: 16 m

no name, % graduation, linear Packing unit: 5 packs Part No.: 00331490

no name, special graduation (printing as order specification)



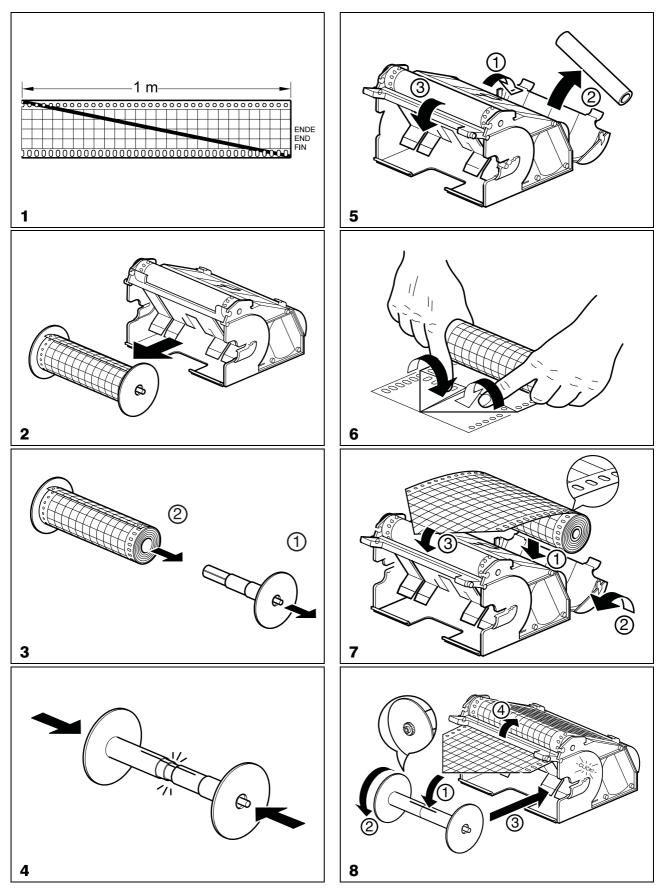
# 9.2 Removing and replacing the chart cassette



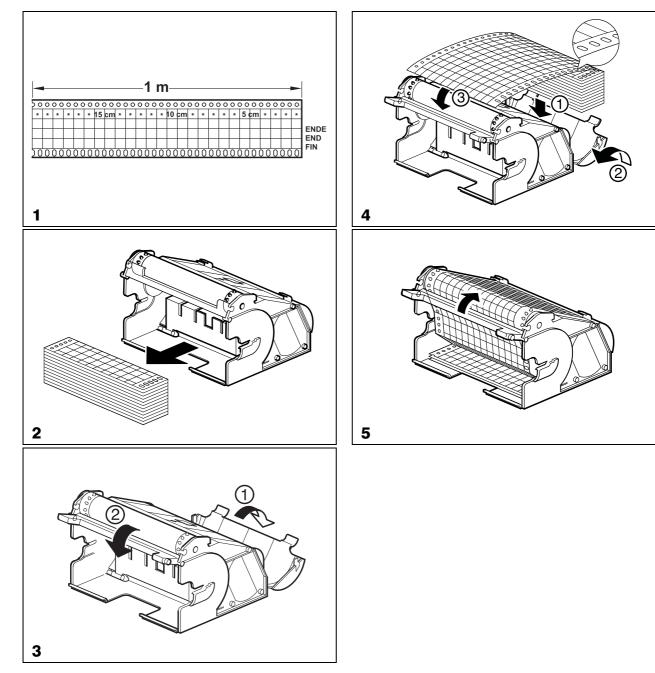
- When inserting the chart cassette, take care that it is centered on the tear-off edge and – guiding it with the thumb and index finger – insert it into the cassette slot and push it up gently, until the holding/ejector catch snaps into position.
- When the cassette has been inserted, the paper feed should immediately take up the slack in the paper (about 10mm feed).
- If the paper feed does not start up, then the cassette will have to be removed and replaced in the correct position.
- Check that the holding catch is in the final (latched) position.



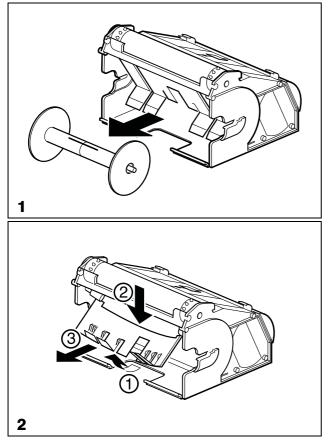
# 9.2.1 Changing the roll chart

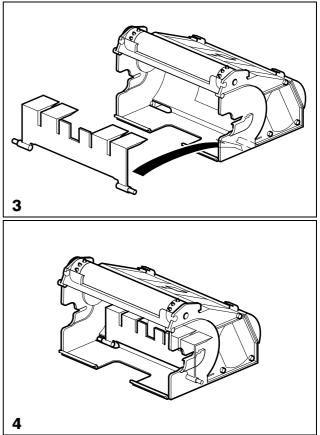


### 9.2.2 Changing the fanfold chart



### 10.1 Converting the chart cassette





#### 10.2 Extra Code 259

The extra Code 259 features 8 logic inputs, one electrically isolated supply for 2-wire transmitter and the serial interface for the external relay module ER8.

The 8 logic inputs can be operated through floating contacts or at the following voltage levels:

inactive 0—5V active 20—35V

The voltage level must be applied for at least 0.5 sec.

Functions available:

- external start/stop
- change to external chart speed
- text writing
- external report start/stop
- start of printing of scaling
- event counter

#### 10.3 External relay module ER8

The external relay module ER8 adds eight switching outputs to the recorder. The relays are freely assigned to the recorder channels in the setup program (⇔ Section 10.4).

The limit for each relay is programmed at the parameter level.

Section 8.3.5

The switching differential about the limit setting can be freely configured in the setup program. The limit comparator functions lk7 and lk8 are available

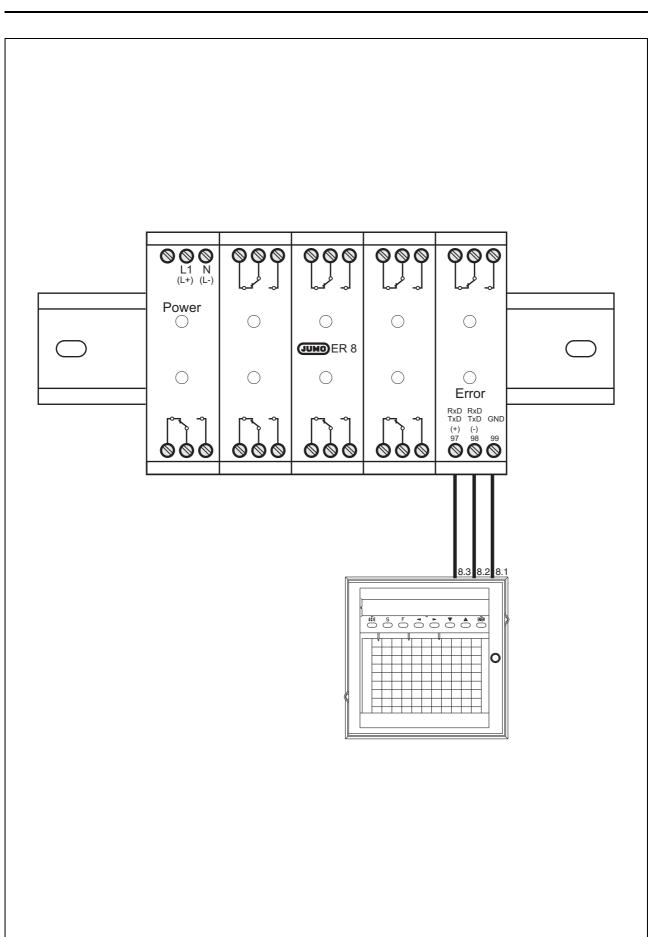


Section 8.6.1

The external relay module ER8 can only be operated when the Extra Code 259 is installed.

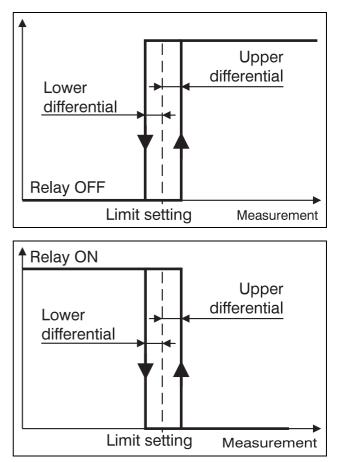


When the setup connector is plugged into the recorder all relays are de-energised.



#### lk7

The relay is energised when the measurement goes above the limit setting.



#### lk8

as lk7 but relay action reversed.

### 10.4 Setup program

The setup program provides convenient configuration of the recorder using an IBM-PC compatible PC.

Hardware requirements:

- IBM-PC or compatible computer
- CPU from Intel 386
- 4 MB RAM
- 3.5" disk drive
- hard disk (at least 6 MB free)
- one free serial interface RS232 (data interchange)
- mouse
- VGA graphics

Software requirements:

- Microsoft Windows<sup>1</sup> 3.1/3.11/95/NT4.0

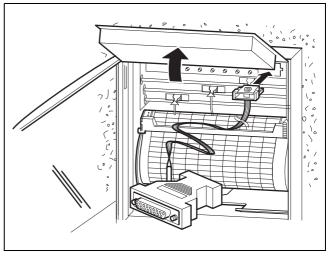
The setup program is installed with an installation program for Microsoft Windows.

The operation of the setup program is described in the Windows Online Help.

All parameters of the recorder can be programmed with the aid of the setup program.

A summary of all parameters of the recorder is given in the Appendix. ( $\Rightarrow$  Section 12.6).

_	Setup Pro	gram LL-500 - [JUMO.078]	•
□ <u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit Tra		Yindow Help	
			1
File Info Hea	der:		
Instrument Name: Instrument SW-Version: VDN:	078.02.xx Date	created: 04.11.1996 of change: 07.02.1997 ram Version: 0.06	
Short Info: Responsible: Type key: Job: Extra Info:	Candid Böschen		
Instrument da Recorder Designation: Language: Display Brightness:	ata: LOGOLINE English Level 4		
Summer Time:Off	Date:	Time:	
Start: End:	01.01.2000 01.01.2000	02:00:00 03:00:00	
Measuremer	t Inputs:		
Input 1 - Current: Linearization:	Linear		+
Press F1 for Help.			NUM



<sup>1.</sup> Microsoft and Windows are registered trademarks of the Microsoft Corporation

# Plugging the setup connector into the recorder interrupts:

- signal acquisition and
- recording

In addition:

- events are no longer covered,
- statistical reports are aborted and reset,
- limit values are no longer monitored, and
- the outputs are no longer operated; the relays are de-energised.

#### 10.5 Maths and logics module

If the maths and logics module is deactivated, the signals measured at the signal inputs are recorded in accordance with the configuration of the signal inputs. If the maths and logics module is activated, the measured signals can be mathematically linked.

Example:

The sum/difference of two inputs is recorded on one channel. Simultaneously, on another channel, a maximum value is recorded for as long as a specific logic input is open. Closing the logic input resets the maximum value recording.

Thanks to the many functions, operators and variables which are available for the maths module, an individual adjustment to the requirements of the task can be made in most cases.

On request, customized maths programs can be set up in the main factory.

The setup program is used to transfer these programs to the recorder.

If the maths and logics module is switched on, the recorder response can be fundamentally changed.

The information given in the Operating Manual can then be partially invalid.

### 10.6 Interface (RS422/RS485)

This interface is intended for communication with higher-level systems (e.g. bus systems). It is **not** the setup interface, which is used to transfer the data between the setup program and the pen recorder.

The RS422/RS485 interface is described in detail in the Operating Manual B 70.6001.2.

### 11.1 What to do if...

Disate stati	
Display or printing ">>>>>"	<ul> <li>The value is outside the measuring range (Out Of Range)</li> <li>The transducer has been connected up incorrectly</li> <li>The signal inputs are configured incorrectly</li> <li>Probe break</li> </ul>
Instead of a value, the prin- ting or the display shows "****", "±*.**", "±**.**", "±***.*", "±****."	<ul> <li>The value can not longer be represented; alter the scaling with the setup program so that the value can always be represented.</li> <li>In the case of event counter, reset the event counter using the setup program</li> </ul>
No recording	<ul> <li>Key S has been pressed</li> <li>⇒ Section 6.1</li> <li>"External Stop" has been configured and the corresponding logic in put is closed</li> <li>The chart cassette has not been fitted correctly</li> <li>⇒ Section 9.2</li> <li>Caution: Insert the chart cassette by applying light upwards pressure</li> <li>The take-up roll has not properly engaged with the chart cassette</li> <li>⇒ Section 9.2.1</li> <li>The end of the chart has been reached</li> <li>⇒ Section 9.2.1, Section 9.2.2</li> <li>The chart speed has been programmed as 0 mm/h</li> <li>⇒ Section 8.2.1</li> <li>The writing status is switched off ("OFF")</li> <li>The setup connector is still plugged in</li> </ul>
Fibre pen does not write	<ul> <li>The fibre pen has not been fitted correctly</li> <li>⇒ Section 5.4</li> <li>The ink in the fibre pen is used up</li> </ul>
No chart feed	<ul> <li>The chart cassette has not been fitted correctly</li> <li>⇒ Section 9.2</li> <li>The chart speed has been programmed as 0 mm/h</li> <li>The pin roller does not engage with the chart perforations</li> <li>The tear-off edge is not correctly engaged</li> <li>The pen recorder is in the STOP status</li> <li>With a newly inserted chart, the start of the chart must be straight and smooth so that the chart can be taken up automatically</li> </ul>
Measurements are not recorded	<ul> <li>Check that the connecting terminals are tightened properly</li> <li>Check the supply</li> <li>Check the input configuration (range)</li> <li>Check the transducers and cables, measure them where appropriate</li> <li>The write status may be switched off</li> </ul>

# 11 Fault finding

Relay does not switch although limit is exceeded	<ul> <li>The signal inputs are not wired up according to the connection diagram</li> <li>Pen recorder and external relay module ER8 are not connected together correctly</li> <li>The switching differential at the limit has been disregarded</li> <li>The relay status is "OFF"</li> <li>A wrong signal is being monitored against the limit</li> </ul>
No programming possible	<ul><li>A wrong codenumber has been input</li><li>The codenumber has been altered</li></ul>
No communication with the setup program	<ul> <li>The setup connector has not been plugged in correctly</li> <li>The recorder is already being configured using the keys; leave parameter and configuration level by pressing the ↓C/E key.</li> </ul>

### 12.1 Technical Data

#### Analogue inputs (measurement channels)

#### **Measurement time**

240 msec for all three channels

#### **Input filter**

digital second-order filter filter time constant adjustable 0 - 10.0 sec.

#### Thermocouples

Туре	Range	limits
Fe-Con L	-200	+900°C
Fe-Con J	-210	+1200°C
Cu-Con U	-200	+600°C
Cu-Con T	-270	+400°C
NiCr-Ni K	-270	+1372°C
NiCr-Con E	-270	+1000°C
NiCrSi-NiSi N	-270	+1300°C

shortest span: 100°C

#### Measurement accuracy:

 $\pm 0.1\%$  referred to range limits. On Type J this applies only from -200 °C upwards, on Type U and T only from -150 °C, on Type K only from -80 °C and on Types E und N only from -100 °C upwards.

Туре	Range li	mits
Pt10Rh-Pt S	-50	+1768°C
Pt13Rh-Pt R	-50	+1768°C
Pt30Rh-Pt6Rh B	0	+1820°C

#### shortest span: 500 °C

Measurement accuracy:

 $\pm 0.15\%$  referred to range limits. On Type B this applies only from 400 °C upwards, on Types S and R only from 0 °C upwards.

Within the range limits the start and end of range can be freely programmed in 0.1°C steps.

#### **Cold junction**

internal: Pt100

Accuracy of internal cold junction: ±1.0 °C

external: cold junction thermostat The cold junction temperature is set in the setup program to a constant value between -20 and +100 °C.

external: Pt100 in 3-wire circuit

#### **Resistance thermometers**

Туре	Range	limits	Linearisation
Pt100 Pt100 Pt500 Pt1000 Ni100	-200 -200 -200 -200 -60	+850°C +649°C +850°C +850°C +180°C	IEC JIS IEC IEC

#### shortest span: 15°C

#### Measurement accuracy:

Range		2-wire 3-wire	4-wire
-200	+100°C	±0.4°C	±0.4°C
-200	+850°C	±0.8°C	±0.5°C

Within the range limits the start and end of range can be freely programmed in 0.1°C steps.

lead resistance:

3-wire circuit  $30\Omega$  max. per lead 2-wire circuit  $15\Omega$  max. per lead

measurement current: 0.4mA on Pt100 und Ni100 0.05mA on Pt500 und Pt1000

#### Resistance transmitters with 3-wire connection

 $3.9 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega$  max.

min.span:  $6\Omega$ 

Measurement accuracy:

up to	130Ω:	±150 m	nΩ
up to	<b>390</b> Ω:	±300 m	nΩ
up to	1600Ω:	±1.6	Ω
up to	3900Ω:	±2	Ω

The resistance can be programmed in  $0.1\Omega$  steps.

# Potentiometers in 2-wire, 3-wire and 4-wire circuit

 $3.9 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega$  max.

min.span:  $6\Omega$ 

The resistance can be programmed in  $0.1\Omega$  steps.

#### Voltage

Voltages can be measured in the following basic ranges:

$\begin{array}{cccc} -15 & +77\text{mV} & \pm 80\mu\text{V} \\ 0 & +170\text{mV} & \pm 120\mu\text{V} \\ -76 & +76\text{mV} & \pm 120\mu\text{V} \\ -162 & +880\text{mV} & \pm 1\text{mV} \\ 0 & +1930\text{mV} & \pm 1\text{mV} \\ -880 & +880\text{mV} & \pm 1\text{mV} \\ -880 & +880\text{mV} & \pm 1\text{mV} \\ -1.84 & +10\text{V} & \pm 6\text{mV} \end{array}$	Basic ra	anges	Measurement accuracy
0 +22V ± 12mV -10 +10V ± 12mV	0 -76 -162 0 -880 -1.84 0	+170 mV +76 mV +880 mV +1930 mV +880 mV 4 +10 V +22 V	±120μV ±120μV ± 1mV ± 1mV ± 1mV ± 6mV ± 12mV

shortest span: 5 mV

Within these basic range limits the start and end of range can be freely programmed, up to 999 mV in 0.01mV steps, from 1 V in 1 mV steps.

#### Current

Currents can be measured in the following basic ranges:

Basic range	es	Measurement accuracy
0 -	+21 mA +45 mA +20.5 mA	±20μΑ ±40μΑ ±40μΑ

shortest span: 0.5 mA

Within these basic range limits the start and end of range can be freely programmed in 0.01 mA steps.

#### **Customized linearisation**

In the setup program there is a choice between linear, square law and cube law linearisation. There can be up to 41 calibration points for linear and square law linearisation, and up to 61 calibration points for cube law linearisation. These calibration points are used to determine the coefficients for polynomials defined for each section so that even a few calibration points produce a smooth graph.

Accuracy: depends on shape of graph

# Action on transducer short-circuit and break

Thermocouple X	Input	Break
Resistance thermometerXResistance transmitter-PotentiometerXVoltage up to 170 mVXVoltage above 170 mV-CurrentX*	Resistance thermometer Resistance transmitter Potentiometer Voltage up to 170 mV Voltage above 170 mV	x - x

X = is recognised, - = is not recognised

\* 0 mA is recognised.

In case of a break at the transducer all pens are positioned on 0%. The LED dot matrix display shows ">>>>>".

### **General Data**

#### Zero adjustment

self-compensating system using Hall sensors

#### **Recording system**

drive by stepping motor

sensitivity: 0.2 % or better referred to 100 mm recording width

reproducibility: 0.25 % or better referred to 100 mm recording width

response time: 1 sec referred to 100 mm recording width

#### Indication and recording accuracy

Class 0.5 referred to range limits and basic ranges

#### Writing system

fibre pen

#### **Colour sequence**

channel 1: blue channel 2: red channel 3: green

#### Ink capacity

sufficient for approx.1000 m trace; on channel 1 depending on text printing

#### Pen offset

2(4) mm between pen 1 and pen 2(3). Can be corrected by pen offset compensation

#### Overrun/underrun

electronic limitation to 0 — 100 mm writing width

#### Chart speed

programmable from keys: 0, 5, 10, 20, 60, 120, 240, 300, 360, 600, 720, 1800, 3600, 7200mm/h or freely programmable in 1mm/h steps

#### **Chart drive**

by stepping motor and gearbox

#### **Chart cassette**

cassette for 16 m or 32 m roll chart or 16 m fanfold chart, with tear-off edge and electronic chart end switch.

#### Chart

roll or fanfold chart to DIN 16	230
overall width:	120 mm
writing width:	100 mm
pin spacing:	110 mm
visible chart length	
roll chart:	60 mm
fanfold chart:	30—60 mm
overall length	
roll chart:	16 m or 32 m
fanfold chart:	16 m

#### Supply

AC: 93—263 V 48—63 Hz or

DC/AC: 20-53V 48-63 Hz

#### Test voltages (type test)

To EN 61 010, Part 1 (March 1994) overvoltage Category II, pollution Grade 2

supply against input circuit: on AC supply 3.7 kV 50Hz, 1 min,

on DC/AC supply 510V 50Hz, 1 min

supply against case (protective earth): on AC supply 2.3 kV 50Hz, 1 min,

on DC/AC supply 510 V 50 Hz, 1 min

inputs agains inputs and inputs against case: 510V 50Hz, 1 min

isolation between analogue inputs up to 30V AC/50 V DC

#### Supply voltage error

less than 0.1% of range span

#### **Power consumption**

35 VA max.

#### Data back-up

by lithium battery in RAM, more than 4 years; by storage capacitor 2 days at 15—25°C ambient temperature. Additional back-up in EEPROM.

#### **Electrical connection**

at the back through screw-clamp connectors, max. conductor cross-section  $2.5 \text{ mm}^2$ or  $2 \times 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$  with core sleeves. Setup connector behind the swing-up LED dot-matrix display.

#### **Permitted ambient**

### temperature range

–10 to +50 °C

Ambient temperature drift 0.3 % per 10°C

Permitted storage temperature range -20 to +70°C

#### **Climatic conditions**

rel. humidity 75 % max., no condensation

#### **Operating position**

NL 90  $\pm$  30 to DIN 16257 (vertical)

#### Protection

to EN 60 529 Category 2

- front IP54
- front IP65 (with extra code 266, without extra code 265)
- rear IP20

#### Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

EN 61 326 Interference emission: Class B Immunity to interference: industrial requirements

#### **Electrical safety**

to EN 61 010

#### Approvals/marks of conformity

Mark of conformity: c UL us Testing laboratory: Underwriters Laboratories Certificates/certification numbers: E 201387 Test basis: UL 3111-1 CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 1010.1-92 valid for: the flush-mounted instrument; not in conjunction with any housing extra code

### 12.2 Error messages

All error messages are displayed flashing on the matrix display at regular intervals. The other instrument functions remain unaffected as far as posssible.

Display	Cause / Remedy
Status message	
NO PAPER!	The chart cassette has been removed or the end of the chart has been reached; a fresh chart has to be fitted. ⇒ Section 9.2 ff Caution: Insert the chart cassette by applying light up- wards pressure
	The take-up roll has not properly engaged with the chart cassette ⇒ Section 9.2.1
Error or fault on recorder	
LOW BATTERY!	The battery for the real time clock and for RAM back- up is discharged.
	Please contact the nearest offfice or the factory.
ADJUST TIME!	This errror message is produced when the storage ca- pacitor (Code 021, ⇔ Section 2.2) is discharged too far during supply failure.
	Event, supply failure and operating hour counters and the system clock are reset.
	The time must be set.
	⇒ Section 8.3.2
RELAY-ERROR!	The communication with the external relay module ER8 is faulty.
	Check the connection between the recorder and the external relay module ER8.

Display	Cause / Remedy
Errors on parameter in	put
ERROR!	<ul> <li>Chart speed outside 0—7200mm/h.</li> <li>The input has to be repeated.</li> <li>Input a value within the range of values.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Date is invalid.</li> <li>An invalid date has been input.</li> <li>The input has to be repeated.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Time is invalid.</li> <li>An invalid time has been input.</li> <li>The input has to be repeated.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Error in value input.</li> <li>The input is outside the range of values.</li> <li>The input has to be repeated with another value.</li> </ul>

#### **12.3 Hardware fault**

In case of one of the following faults the recording is aborted and the error message flashes on the display.

The relays are operated as for probe break<sup>1</sup>. The recorder does not react to any event and can not be operated.

Please contact the nearest office or the factory.

Display	Cause / Remedy
EEPROM FAULTY!	The EEPROM in the recorder is faulty, the configuration data can no longer be stored.
ADC FAULTY!	The A/D converter of the recorder is faulty.
HALLSENSOR FAULTY!	The writing system is faulty.

The action on probe break is configured using the setup program or the parameter relay output (⇔Section 8.6.1).

### 12.4 Status messages

The following status messages are indicated on the matrix display:

Display	Description
INITIALISING	The recorder is being initialised. Please wait.
STOP	The recorder is in the Stop status because key S has been pressed.
EXTERNAL STOP	The recorder is in the Stop status because external stop has been activated by closing the appropriate logic input.
SETUP	The setup connector has been plugged into the recorder. The recorder is ready for communication with the PC connected to it.
PLEASE WAIT!	The configuration data are being written to EEPROM. During this time the recorder does not respond to any inputs.

### 12.5 Character set

							<b>A</b>
032		079	0	0126	~	0212	Ô
033	!	080	P	0161	ĺ	0213	Õ
034		081	Q	0162	¢	0214	Ö
035	#	082	R	0163	£	0215	X
036	\$	083	S	0164	¤	0216	Ø
037	%	084	Т	0165	¥	0217	Ù
038	&	085	U	0166		0218	Ú
039	,	086	V	0167	§	0219	Û
040	(	087	W	0168	•	0220	Ü
041	)	088	X	0170	<u>a</u>	0221	Ý
042	*	089	Y	0171	«	0222	Þ
043	+	090	Z	0172	-	0223	ß
044	,	091	] [	0173	_	0224	à
045	-	092	١	0175	-	0225	á
046		093	]	0176	0	0226	â
047	/	094	^	0177	±	0227	ã
048	0	095	_	0178	2	0228	ä
049	1	096	6	0179	3	0229	å
050	2	097	а	0180	,	0230	æ
051	3	098	b	0181	μ	0231	Ç
052	4	099	с	0182	ſ	0232	è
053	5	0100	d	0183	•	0233	é
054	6	0101	е	0184	3	0234	ê
055	7	0102	f	0185	1	0235	ë
056	8	0103	g	0186	Q	0236	ì
057	9	0104	h	0187	>>	0237	í
058	:	0105	i	0191	ż	0238	î
059	;	0106	i	0192	À	0239	ï
060	<	0107	k	0193	Á	0240	ð
061	=	0108	I	0194	Â	0241	ñ
062	>	0109	m	0195	Ã	0242	ò
063	?	0110	n	0196	Ä	0243	ó
064	@	0111	0	0197	Å	0244	Ô
065	A	0112	p	0198	Æ	0245	Õ
066	В	0113	q	0199		0246	ö
067	C	0114	r r	0200	Ç È	0247	÷
068	D	0115	S	0201	É	0248	Ø
069	E	0116	t	0202	Ê	0249	ù
070	 F	0117	u	0202	Ë	0250	ú
071	G	0118	v	0204	ì	0251	û
072	H	0119	w	0205	í	0252	ü
072	 	0120	x	0206	î	0253	ý
076	J	0120	y y	0200	ï	0250	þ
074	K	0121	y Z	0207	Đ	0255	ρ ÿ
075	L	0122	<u> </u>	0200	Ñ	0200	у
078	M	0123		0209	Ò		
077	N	0124	}	0210	Ó		
070	IN	0120	1	0211	0		

izio omininary or the parameters		
Parameter	Description	Programming
		S = via setup R = on recorder
Instr. designation	Designation of recorder	R, S
Language	Language (for print-outs and matrix diplay)	R, S
Display brightness	Display brightness in four steps	R, S
Summer time	Start and end of summer time	R, S
Display time	Switch on/off display of time in the basic status	R, S
Inputs	Selection of analogue input signals	R, S
Writing status	Writing status ON/OFF for each channel	R, S
Scaling	Scaling of measurements for recording	R, S
Unit	Unit of recorded measurements	R, S
Number format	Selection of decimal places in alpha-numerical presentation	R, S
Channel designation	Designation of the channel	R, S
Plotarea (zoom)	Magnifier function, input in %	R, S
Offset (presentation range)	Restriction of recording width, input in mm	R, S
Chart speed	Chart speed in mm/h	R, S
Limit operation	Chart speed on overlimit/underlimit	R, S
Logic input	Assigning the logic input to a particular function (e.g. external stop)	R, S
Timed operation	Chart speed within a specified time period	R, S
Pen offset compensation	Compensation of offset between the pens	R, S
Scale printing	Spacing of the cyclic scaling print-out in cm	R, S
Time printing	Spacing of the cyclic time print-out in cm	R, S
Text at recording start	Text printed at start of recording	R, S

# **12 Appendix**

Parameter	Description	Programming
		S = via setup R = on recorder
Text at recording end	Text printed at end of recording	R, S
Report	Setting the period of statistical report	R, S
Printing priorities	Priorities in printing text	S
Printing mode	Trace interrupted or overwritten when printing text	S
Code	Codenumbers for level inhibit	R, S
Relay outputs		
- relay function	Function of the limit relays	R, S
- relay limit	Limit at which the particular relay switches	R, S
- relay text	Text reporting the switching of the relay	R, S
Logic inputs		
- external text	Text printed when signal is applied to logic input	R, S
- binary-linked external text	Texts printed when certain binary signals are applied to the first four logic inputs	R, S
- external stop	A definable logic input stops the recording when a signal is applied	R, S
- external speed	A definable logic input switches over to a certain chart speed	R, S
- event counter	Level changes at a logic input can be counted and reported	R, S
- external scale printing	Printing the scaling of all activated channels can be initiated from a logic input	R, S
- external report	Producing a statistical report via a logic input	R, S
Maths and logics module	Activating/deactivating the module	R, S
	Transferring the maths programs to the instrument	S
Interface	Protocol, data format, address, response time for communication via the RS422 or RS485 interface	R, S
Instrument operation	Determining which parameters are required for the application, limiting the parameter set	S

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